TUNIS (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Tuesday that Israel should halt the building of settlements in the occupied territories before the next phase of talks between Arabs and the Jewish state. "The question of stopping colonisation is not negotiable and it must be solved before any resumption of talks," PLO spokesman Ahmad Abdul Rahman told Reuters at the end of a five-day meeting of the PLO Madrid at the end of October, should resume later this month, with bilateral negotiations between Israelis and Palestinians, probably in Washington. While the PLO played no direct role in the talks, the Palestinian delegation was taking part with its blessing and support. In a statement issued by the Palestinian news agency WAFA, the PLO said a resumption of talks with Israel was linked to "a halt to colonisation" and

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1991, JUMADEH AL OULA 14, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Cabinet reinstates 53 civil servants

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet Tuesday held a meeting under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Taher Masri and decided to reinstate or appoint 53 persons who were either sacked from their government jobs or were not allowed to work with the government for political or security

Mubarak to go to Syria soon

CAIRO (R) — Egypt's President Hosni Mubarak will visit Damascus in the next few days for talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on the Middle East peace process, the Syrian ambassador to Egypt said Tuesday. "The two presidents will discuss coordinating the position of the two countries in the second stage of peace negotiations," Issa Darwish said in an interview with Egyptian state radio. Egyptian presidency officials, with Mr. Mubarak on a visit to France, were not immediately available for comment.

Lebanon's chief peace negotiator

BEIRUT (R) — The head of the Lebanese negotiating team for the Arab-Israeli peace talks resigned Tuesday, official sources said. A replacement for Zafer Al Hassan, ambassador in charge of political affairs at the Foreign Ministry, would be named soon. The sources said only that Mr. Hassan had quit because "he has other responsibilities at the ministry." Mr. Hassan led Beirut's team at its sole session of bilateral talks with Israel at the Madrid peace conference. Foreign Minister Faris Bouez represented Lebanon in the formal opening stage of the historic talks.

Lebanese army deploys in U.N. policed zone

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TYRE (AP) - Government troops deployed for the first time in a U.N.-policed village in South Lebanon to halt inter-Shiite batties that killed two people and wounded 12, police said Tuesday. In a separate event, Israeli gunners fired 16 artillery rounds on suspected guerrilla bases in Iqlim Al Tuffah north of Israel's selfstyled "security zone" in the south. Police reported no casualties from the midnight (2200 GMT Monday) bombardment. Police said a 120-man Lebanese army unit in three tanks and 18 armoured personnel carriers rolled into the U.N.-policed village of Teir Dibba before sundown Monday to disengage the warring

Ireland protests to Israel after Irish soldier shot in Lebanon

DUBLIN (AP) - Ireland protested to Israel Tuesday over the killing of an Irish soldier in South Lebanon. Israeli-backed militia opened fire on a United Nations patrol in South Lebanon Friday, killing Michael McCarthy. Another Irish soldier was wounded. Corporal McCarthy was serving in the 700-member Irish contingent of the U.N. peacekeeping force. Foreign Minister Gerry Collins summoned Israeli Ambassador Yoav Biran and told him, the shooting was an "unwarranted and unprovoked attack" by forces which were "de facto

Fighting continues in Mogadishu

NAIROBI (AP) -- Fighting continued in sections of the Somalian capital Toesday, a day after President Ali Mahdi Mohammad reportedly was overthrown by his chief rival, aid sources said. The fighting appeared contained in Mogadishu's northwestern corner where Mr. Ali Mahdi has a home and which traditionally is a stronghold of his Abagal clan, said Sources in contact with their representatives in the embattled city. "It would suggest that Ali Mahdi is not as finished as they say be one of the sources said. Mr. Ali Mahdi's whereabouts remained unknown.

Government presents JD 1.27b draft budget

JD 107m deficit; capital expenditure up by JD 108m; 'sufficient' allocations for expansion of services

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The outgoing goverament of Prime Minister Taher Masri Tuesday unveiled a JD 1.278 billion draft budget for the year 1992 with a deficit of JD 107 million — a slash in deficit by half over 1991.

The draft budget, which will be presented to Parliament before the end of this month for debate during the legislative authority's regular session beginning in December, reflects an increase of 10 per cent above the 1991 budget. The deficit will be covered by

external and internal loans. The JD 107 million deficit before financing represents slightly less than four per cent of the estimated gross domestic product (GDP), but it was not immediately known whether the actual deficit with financing will be compatible with the levels sought by the International Monetary Fund

The Associated Press

PLEDGING NOT to rest until all

Middle East captives are re-

leased, freed hostage Terry Waite

arrived home Tuesday. In Wies-

baden, Germany, fellow former

hostage Thomas Sutherland dad a

long-awaited reunion with his

wife and one of his daughters. Their release on Monday

leaves only six Westerners missing

in Lebanon, and was accompa-

nied by strong signals the hostage

ordeal may at last be ending. Six

longtime hostages have been

freed this year, the most in any

year since the first Westerner was

Lebanon in 1987 while trying to

negotiate the release of hostages.

reiterated on arrival in Britain

that he had been assured the

three remaining American hos-

tages would be freed this month.

He added it was hoped the two

German hostages would be freed

Official Iranian radio also said

Tuesday that the release of the

Americans was imminent. But it

tied the fate of the German cap-

tives to that of a pair of convicted

Most of the hostages are be-

Shevardnadze

MOSCOW (R) — Eduard Shevard-nadze, who presided for five years

over some of the most dramatic

changes in recent European history before resigning as Soviet foreign

minister last December, was reap-

pointed to the post on Tuesday.

President Mikhail Gorbachev

appointed 63-year-old Shevardnadze in a decree published by TASS news

agency.

Mr. Shevardnadze resigned from

the post in December in a dramatic

speech to parliament in which he

warned of an approaching dicta-torship in the Soviet Union.

Mr. Shevardnadze had been one of

Mr. Gorbachev's closest allies, a co-

architect of his perestroika policies.

But their relations deteriorated in later years. Mr. Shevardnadze charged that Mr. Gorbachev had

underestimated the threat from con-

His words, echoed later by other

senior officials, appeared prophetic when a hardline communist emergen-

cy committee overthrew Mr. Gor-

they for three days in August.

Mr. Shevardnadze has warned

Moscow Radio said Mr. Shevard-

nadze's predecessor, Boris Pankin,

had been appointed ambassador to Britain. He replaces Leonid

Zamyatin, a hardliner retired after

since the coup that a second takeover

cervative communists.

Lebanese in Germany.

reappointed

Mr. Waite, who captured in

seized nine years ago.

by year's end.

foreign

minister

Jordan Television noted that JD 200 million. foreign exchange reserves of the country had gone up dramatically and said industrial production had achieved an increase of 15 per cent during the past three months. Quoting a Central Bank of Jordan bulletin, the statement said the increase in industrial production was the highest ever recorded in Jordan's history.

The main features of the budget are:

- Domestic revenues, including recovered loans, are estimated at JD 882 million - 94.3 per cent of the total current expenditure. The corresponding figure for 1991 was originally estimated at JD 752 million, but the cabinet statement issued Tuesday said this was reassessed and raised to JD 769 million.

- External committed grants are estimated at JD 281 million, including JD 105.3 million in grants due in 1991 but expected to be paid in 1992. The estimated external assistance in grants and

lieved held by Shiite factions link-

ed to the Iranian-allied Hizbol-

U.N. Secretary-General Javier

Perez de Cuellar — who has led

recent efforts to free the hostages

— said Monday he believes all

Western captives may be treed of

"It is wrong to hold people in such a way," the 52-year-old Waite said Tuesday. "It is self-defeating and those who do it fall

well below civilised standards of

behaviour, no matter who they

are and no matter what their

nationality or what organisation

Mr. Waite reached his home-

land on what he called a "typical

English day" — rainy. He told reporters and well-wishers at

Lyneham air base west of London

that after "1,763 days in chains,

it's an overwhelming experience

to come back and receive your

greetings."
Mr. Waite, who went to Leba-

non as an envoy for the Church of

England, said: "Those from

whom I have just come can be

assured that we in the church for

our part will not rest until all are

freed and there is justice and

peace brought to people who

ish leaders that his government

considers Israel "an integral part" of the Middle East and is

committed to peace between the

Jewish state and its Arab neigh-

bours, participants in the meeting

Prince Bandar Ben Sultan

made it clear that Saudi Arabia

considers the search for an end to

the conflict to be "an irreversible

process," although the conflict is

not likely to be resolved soon, the

'give us time," said Shoshona

Cardin, chairman of the Confer-

ence of Presidents of Major Jew-

Prince Bandar left for

Washington without talking to

reporters, but a Saudi spokesman

said the ambassador had been

"very pleased" with the "con-

structive discussion" of issues

important and anything construc-

tive that can be done must be

done to further peace" in the

region, said the spokesman, who

asked not to be identified by

The Saudi spokesman said

Prince Bandar's meeting with

"We all agreed that peace is

with the Jewish leaders.

"He asked for time. He said,

participants said.

ish Organisations.

Bandar assures Jewish

leaders of Saudi sincerity

NEW YORK (AP) — Saudi Ara- American Jewish leaders was not

bia's ambassador to the United unusual because the Saudi diplo-

States has assured American Jew-mat makes it a regular practice to

deserve a better deal."

Christmas.

they belong to."

- Total current expenditure is estimated at JD 940 million and capital expenditure at JD 338 million - an increase of 6.4 per cent and 46 per cent respectively over the figures for 1991.

- JD 45 million have been allocated for pay increases for civil and security personnel in-cluding the Armed Forces, as well as pension hikes for retired servicemen and civil servants.

The cabinet statement indicated that the GDP was expected to be around JD 2.8 billion by saying that the JD 338 million allocation for capital expenditure was around 12 per cent of the GDP. It said the JD 108 million increase in capital expenditure in 1992 over the corresponding figure for 1991 was devoted to providing and expanding the basic facilities local infrastructure for development.

While no definite details were immediately available, this in-(IMF). external assistance in grants and crease was interpreted as war-A cabinet statement carried by loans in the 1991 budget was ranted by the return of a quarter crease was interpreted as war-

Mr. Waite did not refer directly

to Israel or any other country.

The Jewish state has been the

third partner in a broad exchange

of Western hostages, hundreds of

Lebanese prisoners under Israeli

control and Israeli soldiers mis-

Israeli soldier is believed to be a

that it had been left out of the

latest hostage developments. Uri

Slonim, an Israeli defence minis-

try lawyer and hostage nego-

tiator, told Israel radio Mr. Waite

and Mr. Sutherland "were freed

without any involvement by us."

Levy urged mediators "to act

without any discrimination until

everyone is released, including

our prisoners." And Israeli Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir said he

was "upset and disappointed" by

the slow progress in getting in-formation on missing Israeli sol-

In Germany, Mr. Sutherland, also said the other American

hostages would soon be released.

all of the Americans will be freed,

hopefully," the 60-year-old

(Continued on page 2)

meet with Americans to explain

his country's policies.

Prince Bandar, a son of Saudi

Arabia's defence minister and

nephew of King Fahd, is known

for relatively moderate views on

He has been credited with play-

ing an instrumental role in enlist-

ing Arab support for the U.S.-led

Gulf war coalition against Iraq. More recently, he helped orga-

nise the historic Madrid peace

met previously with a few U.S.

Jewish leaders, Ms. Cardin called

Monday's meeting a "break-

Saudi official together with a

large group of such leaders, about

She said that in an exchange of,

views, Prince Bandar "expressed his concern for the legitimate rights of the Palestinians and we

expressed ours for the security of

She quoted Prince Bandar as

suggesting the Arab economic

boycott against Israel might be

lifted as a "confidence-building

(Continued on page 2).

through" in bringing a senior

Although Prince Bandar has

the Middle East conflict.

"In about a couple of weeks,

Israel Foreign Minister David

There was concern in Israel

captive.

million expatriates and their families from Kuwait and other Gulf states in the wake of the Gulf crisis.

The cabinet statement did not give details of the various allocations, but emphasised that "sufficient" amounts were provided for to increase basic services. It cited as an example a rise of 8.2 per cent in the current expenditure and 29 per cent in capital expenditure for the Health Ministry but

did not give figures.

According to the statement. allocations are made to create 6,300 new jobs in government departments and security forces as well as other public institutions. In addition, the allocation for vocation training will be boosted by 10 per cent, the statement said, noting that the vocational training corporation had rained 14,000 people during the

The government will also give priority to job-creating projects

(Continued on page 2)

Freed hostages rejoin families, say Syrian team delays visit remaining captives will be free soon By a Jordan Times Reporter

AMMAN — A scheduled visit by

i five-member Syrian delegation for coordination talks with Jordanians and Palestinians has been postnoned in view of the government change in Jordan, a senior official said Tuesday.

The delegation, which was due to arrive Tuesday for the trilateral consultations ahead of the next round of Arab-Israeli bilateral talks, is expected to come early next week, the official said.

"The Syrian delegation delayed its visit until the new government takes over," said the official. "The delegation will meet Jordanian officials as well as delegation members so it makes sense to wait until the new cabinet members are announced."

Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, who is taking over following the resignation of Prime Minister Taher Masri, is expected to announce

his cabinet by Thursday.

Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber said Monday the Syrian delegation, headed by Zakaria Ismail, would meet with Jordanian and Palestinian delegates to peace negotiations to discuss strategies and set priorities ahead of bilateral talks. Dr. Abu Jaber also said Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa would visit Amman within the next several days, but no specific date has yet been set.

The Jordanian delegation which was restructured Sunday, met Tuesday evening as part of ongoing preparations for the bilateral talks.

Abdul Shafi arrives

Haidar Abdul Shafi, head of the Palestinian team in the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the Middle East peace conference, arrived in Amman Tuesday to attend coordination and consultation meetings between the

two teams of the joint delegation. Dr. Abdul Shafi said in an interview with Jordan Television that he would meet with members of the Palestinian and the Jordanian teams to prepare for the next phase of the peace process.

He stressed the importance of consultations at this stage and affirmed that the Jordanian-Palestinian coordination was proceeding very well.

Monday's Israeli storming of the Sharia (Islamic) court in Jerusalem to seize important historic documents, Dr. Abdul Shafi said, was a very bad gesture on the part of the Israelis and said he could find no justification for such behaviours.

This conforms with the Israeli practices which we have known over the years of occupation."

Sharif Zeid entering final stage of preparations towards government He is to be officially designated following

submission of Masri's resignation to King today

WIHDAT BEATS GUARDS: His Majesty Forces chief of staff, the King's military secretary

King Hussein Toesday attended a friendly soccer and other high-ranking officials along with more

match between the Royal Guards team and Al than 20,000 soccer fans. Al Windat beat the Royal

Wilhdat Club held on the occasion of His Majesty's Guards 2-1. The Royal Guards goal was scored by

birthday. The match was also attended by Her Musa Awad, while Al Wihdat goals were scored by

Majesty Queen Noor, several members of the royal Ibrahim Saadiyeh and Jihad Abdul Mun'em. Al family, Prime Minister Taher Masri, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parisin the Al Alan)

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ben Zeid, the Armed

AMMAN - Prime Ministerdesignate Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker has covered enough grounds in his consultations with the leaders of parliamentary blocs and political groups in the country and is entering the stage of putting final touches on his government, which should be announced either today or tomorrow.

According to well-informed sources, Sharif Zeid has had sufficient consultations with the parideas of his government's composition, in terms of parliamentary participation and technocrats

from outside the Lower House. "The task of Sharif Zeid now is

to translate these ideas into

names (of cabinet members)," a source close to the consultations told the Jordan Times. The source expected that an

official announcement of the full names of cabinet members will be made Wednesday or Thursday, soon after Prime Minister Taher Masri hands in the resignation of his government, which is expected today. Mr. Masri is scheduled to for-

mally hand in his resignation to His Majesty King Hussein after his cabinet has completed work on the fiscal budget for 1992 in Tuesday.

Sharif Zeid was also expected to be officially designated as prime minister today but the

(Continued on page 2)

Masri: People have final say

Prime Minister Masri Tuesday expressed satisfaction over the ernment's achievements during the past five months. In a ement to reporters following a Cabinet session, Mr. Masri said the resignation of the government was in support of the democratic march and in the framework of rearranging inter-nal affairs. He said the final say on the government's performance will be for the people, affirming that he accepts the people's judgement whatsoever. He added that he will always be serving Jordan and His Majesty King Hussein.

Jordan, PLO deplore Israeli raid on Jerusalem Sharia court

AMMAN (R) - Jordan and the Mr. Masri and a PLO delegation. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Tuesday condemned an Israeli police raid on an Islamic courthouse in East Jerusalem which prompted calls by Muslim officials for a general strike.

Prime Minister Taher Masri and PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas agreed to work together and ask "international parties" to help return documents seized in Monday's raid, the Jordan news agency, Petra, said. "The two sides also reviewed

recent Israeli measures that aim at sabotaging all efforts regarding the Middle East peace conference," Petra said in its report of a late Monday meeting between

Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber told Petra that Jordan had contacted Washington, which with Moscow is co-sponsoring historic Middle East peace talks, to discuss the threat to Jerusalem as Arab and Islamic city.

"Israel is following a policy of aggression based on not respecting the historic and religious values and (of) attacks against civil and religious rights to incite the feelings of millions of people and empty the peace process from its context," Dr. Abu Jaber

Israeli police said during the raid they took material they suspected "incited" Arab resistance

Court officials believed the police took papers on property ownership as part of an effort to seize control of Arab-owned

His Majesty King Hussein also telephoned King Hassan of Morocco, who heads an Arab committee on Jerusalem, to discuss the raid, Petra added. In a statement at a press con-

ference held in Amman Tuesday, Palestine National Council (PNC) Speaker Sheikh Abdul Haimd Sayeh called on Arab, Islamic, and Christian organisations around the world and on the co-sponsores of the peace process to intervene and force Israel to

(Continued on page 2)

Palestinians stage protest strike OCCUPIED JERUSALEM conference religious leaders were on Palestinian leader Hanan

(Agencies) - Palestinians in not satisfied with the apology occupied Jerusalem observed a general strike Tuesday and marched to protest against an Israeli police raid on an Islamic courthouse.

The strike day was the fifth in a row. Palestinians had staged a one-day strike in protest at Israeli settlement in the occupied territories and a three-day strike over the killing by police of an Arab daubing graffiti. Jerusalem police said they ex-

pressed regret to Muslim religious authorities over the raid Monday in which documents were seized. An officer would investigate whether his men acted properly, he said.
The confiscated material came

from offices adjacent to the court and would be returned after being examined by police.

Court officials had accused police of taking papers on property ownership.

Mohammad Nusseibeh, a member of the Supreme Islamic Council created in 1967 to defend Arab holy places, told a news over the raid "We want to know who was

responsible, who gave the orders and we want these people to be punished for what they did," Mr. Nusseibeh said. Police meanwhile said they

arrested a 16-year-old Palestinian girl from the occupied West Bank after she tried to stab a border policeman in East Jerusalem Tuesday. Twenty-six Palestinians were

hurt in Ketziot detention camp in the Naqab desert in a clash Monday between members of the fundamentalist Hamas movement and Fatch, the army said.

No charge against Ashrawi

Israel Television said late Monday that Israel's state attorney had decided not to prosecute a top Palestinian negotiator for alleged meetings with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials.

Dorit Beinish made the decision after examining a police file Ashrawi, who gained international prominence during this month's Middle East peace negotiations in Madrid as a spokesperson for the Palestinian delega-

Police were investigating suspi-cions that Dr. Ashrawi has met with PLO officials abroad this summer. The file, according to police Minister Roni Milo, contained "apparent evidence" to the offence - a Jordan TV interview in which Dr. Ashrawi allegedly admitted meeting with the PLO.

Israel bans meetings with the

The attempt to prosecute Dr. Ashrawi, a 45-year-old English literature professor from Bir Zeit University in the occupied West Bank, drew fire from Palestinians and liberal Israelis alike, who said the move is harmful for the U.S.sponsored Middle East peace

The U.S. administration has reportedly warned Israel against

(Continued on page 2)

under Israeli control."

Elamic countries urge

restraint in Pan Am affair

JEDDAH (Agencies) — The Organisation of Islamic Confersace (OiC) urged restraint Tues-Jay in the Lockerbie affair and said that Libya, a member state, vill remain committed to fight zemorism.

A statement issued at the headcuarters of the 45-member OIC miled "for restraint and for an mplacable but methodical search for the truth of facts."

The organisation said it re-::ive:i an official communication from the Libyan government extressing readiness to cooperate in the framework of an international central enquiry commission.

The statement also said the OIC received assurances from Libya that it would remain commidded to fight terrorism, particularly attacks against the safety of civil aviation.

"The OIC has adopted several resolutions committing members to spordinate efforts with the nations of the world to fight recinst terrorism and Libya remains attached to the respect of there commitments." the statetabut seid.

The OIC, emphasised that islam is against unjustified vioissue: and said the world still remembers the horror of the exposion over Lockerbie.

American and Scottish legal authorities have issued arrest remants for two men identified cs Libyan intelligence agents citegedly involved in the bombing of the Boeing 747 over Lockerbie, Scotland on Dec. 21, 1988, in which 270 people were killed. The United States has been

considering retaliatory action against Libya in consultations with world powers. Military force has not been ruled out. Maltese Prime Minister Edward Fenech Adami has again

denied that the bomb-rigged suitcase that blew up Flight 103 eriginated in Malta. Fezech Adami told parliament

Beginday that evidence showed all the luggage on an Air Malta flight to Frankfurt was accounted for and that there had been no unaccompanied luggage.
U.S. and Scottish authorities

contend that the two Libyans routed the bomb-rigged suitcase Tem Malta to Frankfurt, where it as transferred to the Pan Am

ight. The two agents, Abdul Basset Al Megrahi and Lamen Khaiffa Frimah, have been charged in the United States and Scotland with blowing up the jetliner and hilling 270 people. Mr. Fhimah was the manager of the Libyan Arab Airlines office in Malta at

11. Fenech Adami told parliament, that U.S. and Scottish allegations that the bomb was rough Malta were spechicks. He will Malta had response

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — A top U.N. official leaked sensitive

files on Polisario Front members

in Western Sahara that allowed

Librario to target villages before

a truce took effect, a Polisario

the V/estern Sahara peace effort

denied that any files were leaked.

representative to the United Na-

tions, said computer disks with

detailed personnel information

on 74,000 Saharans, including

premiters of his group, were given

mation from the territory,

wifich was then the colony of

Scanish Sahara, had been given

by the U.N. office earlier this

year to Polisario so it could iden-

His members who were dead, and

there who were alive and eligible

Mr. Abduliah claimed that a

genier official in the New York

Tiles containing 1974 census

to Morocco last summer.

The U.N. office in charge of

Madjid Abdullah, Polisario's

carrial said Monday.

cooperated with investigators. seen the details of the investigation and had rebutted the allega-

Libya said meanwhile it had been made a "scapegoat" in a deal to free Western hostages in Lebanon. Commenting on Monday's re-lease of Church of England envoy

Terry Waite and American Thomas Sutherland, four days after the U.S. and Britain said there was no evidence of Iranian or Syrian involvement, Libya's state-run television said Monday

The situation begs the following question: Why is Libya being accused, falsely, slanderously, and at this time in particular of being behind the accident of the downing of the U.S. plane?"

The aim behind these unjust accusation has now become clear. Libya was meant to be the scapegoat in the deal to release Western hostages," Libyan Tele-

Libya Monday named a judge to investigate a British request for the extradition of the two alleged Libyan agents.

... Libya, which is innocent of terrorism, accepts the role of scapegoat in this operation as long as it leads to the release of innocent people and clears the name of parties who are dear to us," the television said.

It said Syrian Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam told Libyan ambassador during a meeting in Damascus on Monday:
"The campaign launched against the Great Jamahiriyah (Libya) is a campaign against Syria and against all pure people of the Arab Nation.'

Mr. Khaddam "emphasised Syria's readiness to supply whatever is asked of it to stand by the side of the Arab Libyan people," Two British parliamentarians

have cancelled a trip to Libya after learning that Tripoli had set up a judicial inquiry to investigate the Pan Am charges.

In a joint statement, opposition Lambour MPs Tam Dalyell and Bernie Grant said: "We feel that our representations by telephone over the weekend have been taken into account and that the Libyan response is entirely reasonable in the circumstances. Italy and Egypt said Monday that any sanctions against Libya

over the bombing should be legal and peaceful. "We must act through legal channels and without using force," Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti was quoted as

President Hosni Mubarak. President George Bush is expected to call on Western leaders this week to coordinate a joint

office of Johannes Manz, the

people lost their lives or were

and early September, before a

ceasefire took effect on Sept. 6.

computer files to learn the names

Morocco could also use the

Egypt on track with \$2b U.S. tank project

CAIRO (R) - Egypt, ambitious to become a defence manufacturing base for the Arab World, is on track with a \$2 billion project to produce U.S. M-1A1 tanks, similar to those which led the allies to victory in the Gulf war.

Military sources told Reuters that Plant 200, the factory outside Cairo designed to assemble Abrams M-1A1s and refurbish Egypt's existing M-60 tanks and M-113 armoured vehicles, would open officially in January.

The first locally-assembled General Dynamics tank would leave the factory in July, probably coinciding with celebrations of the 40th anniversary of the 23rd of July revolution which overthrew the monarchy. Egypt is eager to earn big

profits for its ailing economy by exporting M-1A1s to Arab oil states in the Gulf. Washington will not allow this at present by military sources said Egyptian Defence Minister Mohammad Hussein Tantawi was optimistic it would do so in future.

Two years ago, Egypt was considering scrapping the entire M-IA1 project as part of a farreaching review of its defence

Military sources said at the time that Egypt needed to commit \$200 million in 1990-91 in order to qualify for continued U.S. military aid for the project. which was also six months behind schedule.

Cairo decided instead to coproduce Soviet-designed T-72 tanks with Irag.

But Iraq's invasion of Kuwait last year put paid to that. Egypt the United States' main ally in the Arab World, joined a U.S.-led coalition against Irac. In return, the United States wrote off \$6.8 billion of Egypt's military debt.
The M-IA1 tank project at

one point was in financial difficulty, but Egypt is now on course with the project and it nopes to be able to sell the tanks to Guif Arab states soon," one military

The General Dynamics contract with Egypt, the first export sale of the M-1A1, is a prestigious symbol of the close military ties that have developed between Cairo and Washington over the past decade.

Under the terms of an agreement with General Dynamics. Egypt will get 555 M-1Å1 tanks over a 10-year period but is barred from selling them to any third party without U.S. approval. It has already received 15 tanks produced in the United States.

The remainder will come in the form of kits to be assembled in The sources said Egypt locally produces about 30 per cent of the

tank and is expected to receive 52 kits during the first 18 months of production. A total of 250 kits will be sent over five years. Egyptian Defence Minister Mohammad Hussein Tantawi.

the sources said, extended his stay in Washington this month from four days to two weeks to urge the U.S. to allow Egypt to sell the tanks in about two years.

EC grants occupied territories aid to offset Gulf war losses

pean Commission said on Tuesday it was granting \$61 million of aid to Palestinians in the occupied territories to help alleviate economic hardship caused by the Gulf crisis and war.

The 48-million-ECU (\$61 miltion) grant is the first allocation from a special 220-million-ECU (\$280 million) package of assistance to Israel and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip decided by the European Community in March.

About 29 million ECUs (\$37) million) has been earmarked for much-needed housing, stimulating the construction industry and creating work for Palestinians who lost their jobs in Israel and the Gulf following traq's invasion of Kuwait in August 1990.

Most of the rest will be spent on agriculture, industry and ser-

nomy, on helping local services rates.

ties, Mr. Abdullah said.

BRUSSELS (R) - The Euro- responsible for housing, on education and health," the commission, the EC's executive, said in a statement. The grant announced on Tues-

cay is almost five times larger than the 10 million ECUs (\$12.7 million) in direct aid granted out of EC coffers last year. The occupied territories were

hit hard by the Gulf crisis. Much of the cash sent home by Palestimians working in the Gulf dried up as they fled, and aid from other Arab states fell sharply. In total the West Bank and Gaza will receive 60 million ECUs (\$76 million) in EC aid. A

commission spokesman said much of the remaining tranche, yet to be finalised, would probably be earmarked for spending on health.

He added the commission would soon announce its first payment to Israel under the spe-"The EC package should have cal package. Israel will get a total a powerful impact on unemployment, on improving the eco- lion) in loans at preferential

Western estimates put the Iraqi government's monthly food bill at \$100 million but this only covers subsidised basic essentials. The rest Iraqis have to buy on a runaway free market.

The resolution would allow Iraq to sell \$1.6 billion of crude but Western estimates say that Baghdad would get only \$900 million after deductions for war reparations, U.N. administrative costs and other charges.

iraq is also angry at the need for U.N. relief agencies such as the children's body UNICEF whose work, they feel, masks suffering caused by the United Nations itself.

The official Iraqi media have stepped into overdrive in recent days to denounce sanctions, Resolution 706 and what it sees as a plot hatched by the United States, Britain and France to weaken President Saddam's authority.

The Defence Ministry daily Al Qadissiyah said Monday that Iraq was a victim of "the most disgusting plot in the history or the world " and balmed Washington, London and Paris for it.

Cabinet

U.N. envoy

which fears

U.N. colony

BAGHDAD (R) - A top U.N.

envoy arrived in Baghdad Tues-

day hoping to persuade the Iraqi

government to accept a resolu-

tion to finance its needs which

Baghdad says would turn the

nation into a colony of the world

Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, executive delegate of the United

Nations secretary-general, will also seek to extend the mandate

of U.N. agencies tending the human aftermath of the Gulf war

and subsequent rebellions by Kurds and Shiite Muslims.

Asked on arrival if he was

optimistic that an accord would

emerge from his talks, Prince

Sadruddin told reporters: "I cer-

tainly hope so, you have to be an

He declined further comment

Iraqi officials said they would

make clear to Prince Sadruddin

their anger at the continuation of

U.N. sanctions imposed 15

months ago which they say are

killing thousands of old, young

and weak Iraqis because of shor

They will also voice their anger

at U.N. Resolution 706, which

was approved in August and

would allow Iraq to sell limited quantities of oil to finance im-

The Iraqi government feels it has been let down by the United

Nations, its only real link with the

Western powers which expelled

its occupation army from Kuwait in February, senior U.N. sources

The Baghdad authorities be-

lieved that compliance with the

Gulf war ceasefire resolutions in

April would speed the end of the

sanctions but now fear that Re-

solution 706 will replace them

and leave the country in an even

They maintain they are giving full cooperation to U.N. border

monitors and to inspectors dis-

mantling its nuclear, chemical

and ballistic arms and this should

warrant the lifting of the embar-

Specifically, they object to the fact that 706 would ensuare re-

venue from its abundant oil in an

escrow account and make imports

subject to a complex system of

U.N. checking both at the point

the money, but the money isn't

even enough to buy the food we

need," Oil Minister Usama Al

Hiti told Reuters in a recent

"They think we will cheat with

of supply and inside Iraq.

interview.

tighter U.N. grip.

tages of drugs and food.

ports of food and drugs.

optimist in my job."

becoming

in Iraq,

sources said that he might need an extra day to reach a final decision on the make-up of his government.

The sources said that the 16member National Bloc, the 18member Constitution Bloc and the six-member independent Islamist Bloc have all given Sharif Zeid their blessing and support and left for him the task of deciding on how to form his government and how to divide the cabinet seats among parliamentarians and technocrats. The nine-member Democratic

Bloc, a representative of whom has met with Sharif Zeid, had said that the bloc would take final decision on their position towards the new government based on its final make-up and policy statement to Parliament. The Muslim Brotherhood offi-

cially announced that it would not join Sharif Zeid's government but indicated its confidence vote would largely depend on the prime minister's handling of internal issues. An announcement by the

movement Tuesday quoted its spiritual leader, Mohammad Abdul Rahman Khalifa, as saying that his movement will not participate in the new government under the current circumstances.

"As for the issue of confidence, it is still too early (to make a decision)" the announcement said. Commenting on the remark, a

source close to Sharif Zeid said: 'The statement is almost positive. We feel that options are still open (with the Muslim Brother-He explained that many factors

have entered the political landscape in Jordan since the idea of a Middle East peace conference was first proposed eight months ago. "A government is no longer judged by one issue alone," the source said. "There are a number of local issues that can influence that judgement as well as new factors that can influence the way Jordan's participation in the peace talks is perceived."

The source explained that if the. selection of the team of cabinet members could indicate that they are "more able to resist pressures which would lead to concessions in Arab-Israeli talks then that perception could influence the way the negotiations are per-

The other change, the source said, "is the clarity of the Palestinian representation (in Arab-Israeli talks) and the legitimacy that that representation enjoys. Rumours and unconfirmed re-

ports over the make-up of the Tuesday, but all sources contacted by the Jordan Times insisted that it was premature to speculate on names and nothing was final yet.

Budget

(Continued from page 1)

in the various governorates and provinces, particularly in the area of agriculture and other rural projects, including schools and health centres and other government facilities. The statement did not make

any direct reference to an emergency budget of JD 186.5 million which, according to informed sources, is contingent on the Kingdom receiving external assistance over and above the provisions made in the regular budget.

The 1991 budget had a similar provision for JD 120 million. The cabinet statement said the government would continue subsidising basic foodstuffs but did not provide any figure. According to informed sources, an allocation of JD 40 million has been made for subsidies in the budget, reflecting a reduction of over JD 20 million for subsidies

allocation was interpreted as a government move to reorganise the subsidy system, particularly involving bread and wheat, by early 1992. One of the ideas floated by senior officials is the introduction of bread coupons for Jordanian citizens, excluding

commercial organisations, non-Jordanian residents and visitors. In another move, the government also amounced a means to avoid dual taxation and certain exemptions from the recently introduced consumer tax which drew an angry reaction from industrialists. The exemption covers those industries which use raw materials on which they already pay consumer tax at the sources.

According to a list published in the official gazette, these items exclude balt iron and alcohol used to produce alcoholic bever-

All supply contracts made be-fore Nov. 15 with government departments, public institutions, universities, municipal councils, the civilians and military consumers corporation and the national carrier Royal Jordanian were exchided from the consumer tax

Hostage (Continued from page 1)

Sutherland said early Tuesday upon arriving at the U.S. Rhein-Main air force base outside Frankfurt. Mr. Sutherland, dean of agri-

culture at the American University of Beirut, was kidnapped June 1985. While Mr. Sutherland rested in

the U.S. air force hospital in Wiesbaden, Germany, after a flight from Syria, his wife, Jean, and a daughter, Kit, flew to Frankfurt.

Mrs. Sutherland and her daughter went to the Wiesbaden hospital, where they saw Mr. Sutherland for the first time in 6½ years.

In Damascus, Mr. Waite said Monday one of the kidnappers predicted Americans Alann teen and Joseph Cicippio would be released "we hope within the next five days." Mr. Waite said he was told Terry Anderson, the longest-held hostage, would be freed by month's end.

Both Mr. Sutherland and Mr. Waite said they were kept for part of the time in the same windowless room with Mr. Anderson, 44, chief Middle East correspondent for the Associated Press, who was kidnapped march 16,1985 Six westerners — the three

Americans, two Germans and an Italian remain missing in Lebanon. Another kidnapped Briton, Alec Collett, is assumed to have been killed.

Tehran Radio said "there was no good news about the two German hostages," Heinrich Struebig and Thomas Kemptner, who were kidnapped May 16, 1989. They are believed held by the security chief of Hizbollah, Abdul Hadi Hamadi.

Mr. Hamadi reportedly wants to swap the captives for his two brothers, Mohammad Ali and Abbas, both held in German prisons. The first is serving a life sentence for his role in the 1985 hijacking of a TWA jetliner and

the killing a passengers on board.

Abbas Hammadi was jailed in 1987 for 13 years on kidnapping

Mr. Waite said in Syria that a captor could give him "no further positive information" about the German hostages. But in England Tuesday, he said that while "we were not able to get as definite a report" on the German hostages, it was "hoped that they would be freed by the end of the

Neither Mr. Waite nor Mr. Sutherland mentioned Italian businessman Alberto Molinari, who has been reported to have Sharia

(Continued from page 1) return 600 files and historic docu-

The reduction in subsidy ments they stole from the the Islamic Court.

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The documents are considered as historic treasures dating back to more than 500 years ago, said Sheikh Sayeh. He called Palestine President Yasser Arafat urging him to hold contacts with the U.N. Security Council to call for an emergency session to discuss the "new Israeli crime in Jerusalem."

Sheikh Sayeh said that he called on the United States and the Soviet Union to impose penalties on Israel for "committing this crime and to halt the Soviet-Jewish immigration immediately and to stop all American assistance to the Jewish state."

By this crime Israel wants to prove to the world its obstinancy and determination to hold on to its occupation of Arab Jersualem and that it wants to tamper with the Holy City's character and obliterate its Arab and Islamic image, said Sheikh Saveh.

By stealing the documents, the Israelis are determined to remove the evidence of the Palestine and Muslim people's right to the holy places, he said.

Sheikh Sayeh said that the "Israeli crime should not be condoned by anybody and the Arabs and Muslims will not give up their right and can never condone such

Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Mohammad Mheilan described as a criminal act Israel's stealing of the Islamic documents. The stealing of documents is "a flagrant violation of human rights and an encroachment on religious and archaeologicial and historic

values," Sheikh Mheilan noted He said that it is regrettable to see such acts being committed at a time when the peace process is under way to help restore Arab and Islamic rights in the occupied Arab lands.

Bandar (Continued from page 1)

Robert Lipton, chairman of the American Jewish Congress, said Prince Bandar stressed that the Saudis were committed to an active role in the peace effort after decades of exerting their influence from behind the scenes. "The Saudis have made a deci-

sion that they are going to be players in this process," said Mr. Lipton, who joined Ms. Cardin in a briefing for reporters after the two-hour meeting at a midtown

Both said the Saudi envov emphasised that he was speaking for the Riyadh government and not merely expressing his own? PROPERTY AND MINES OF views::

Although Prince Bandar did not discuss whether Saudi Arabia might eventually grant Israel diplomatic recognition, "he indicated that the issue of Israel's existence is no longer an issue when bilateral talks begin," Mr. Lioton said.

Strike

(Continued from page 1) prosecuting Dr. Ashrawi.

Justice ministry officials declined comment on the report on Mrs. Beinish's decision, which still has to be formally approved by attorney-general Yosef Har-Israeli liberals immediately

praised the reported decision and said it stressed the need to abolish the 1986 anti-PLO law.

Elyakim Haetzni, a hardline legislator who filed the complaint against Dr. Ashrawi, responded in a statement that "it is now clear for everybody in Israel that the rule of law does not apply to the PLO. Israel is not sovereign in Jerusalem."

In another development, some 30 legislators from the opposition parties appealed to President Chaim Herzog, asking him to pardon Abie Nathan, a wellknown peace activist who is currently serving an 18-month prison sentence for meeting PLO officials in Tunis.

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of dead Polisario fighters so it could fraudulently register Moroccan immigrants in the disputed territory under their identi-

De la Salle-Church Tel. 661757 usta Church Tel: 622366 Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. 771331. 775261. ita Church Tel. 771751. International Church Tel. A**zzazian** 685326. The Church of Jesus Christ of Letter-P Saints Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene Tel. 675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be partly cloudy and there will be a chance for scattered showers of rain, particularly in the northern parts of the country. A drop in temperatures is expected and winds will be south-westerly moderate to fresh. westerly moderate to mesn.

In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy
and dusty, and winds will be northerly
anoderate and seas calm.

and military strikes last summer.

Polisario accuses U.N. of leaking documents to Morocco

The United Nations has been U.N. secretary-general's personal representative to Western organising a referendum in West-Sahara, then leaked the revised ern Sahara, planned for January, in which Saharans will decide file with the names of active Polisario members to Morocco. whether they wish to become a The computer diskettes would new nation or a province of have enabled Moroccan forces in Western Sahara to determine

The leak of the files from the which villages were pro-Polisario U.N. offices in New York of sheltered numerous Polisario "affects the credibility of the Unmembers. Mr. Abdullah said. ited Nations" in the peace pro-He said the information was cess, Mr. Abdullah said. used to target villages for air raids He filed a complaint to

Secretary-General Javier Perez Polisario claimed that many de Cuellar on behalf of the head of Polisario, Bachir Mustafa. It forced to flee their homes during calls for an investigation of the the military operations in August But the office of the special

representative on Western Sahara Monday denied "in the most categoric and unambiguous manner" the Polisario allega-

The U.N. office said that "no

computer diskettes or any related

material was passed on by any high level official, directly or indirectly, to anay of the parties or any person in Morecco or The Western Sahara peace-

keeping mission is the U.N.'s biggest nation-building effort since the Naraibia operation; about 2,700 peacekeepers, police and election monitors are to supervise the referendum, at a cost of about \$150 million.

An advance team of about 250 U.N. monitors is already workiong in Western Sahara to pave the way for the operation. By the time the referendum is

held, the world body will be about to gear up for an even larger, more ambitious pacification effort in Cambodia in 1992. Polisario guerrillas have been fighting Morocco for control of the largely desert region. Morocco annexed over 182,000 square

kilometres of the land in 1976.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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ZARQA: Dr. Yousef Fudeh Khalifeh pharmaci REPORTED GENERAL . 630341 Fire Brigade......... Blood Bank , 891228 . 775121 Public Security Department 630321 Hotel Complaints 605800 Price Complaints 661 176 Vater and Sewerage 897467 Telephone information (directory assistance) ... verseas Calls 121

Central Amman Telephone

Flectric Power HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khaliidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 64241/2 642362 Jacai Amitan Materi Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital Tue Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Al-Alia, Abdali 845845 . 6641646 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh
Army, Marka
Queen Alia Hospital
Amal Hospital 891611/15

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)99090

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Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Damascas (RJ) ... Jeddah (RJ) Dhahran (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 89:30 **09:55** 16:30

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

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Jerusalem commission calls on Israel to return stolen documents

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Commission for Jerusalem Affairs Tuesday issued an appeal to the Arab and Islamic worlds to help put an end to Israel's flag-rant defiance of Arab and Islamic feelings and to return historic documents which Israeli troops had stoled from the Islamic court in Jerusalem Monday.

Israeli troops stormed the court and its adjacent offices in the holy city, stealing away important documents, some of which date back to more than 500 years.

His Majesty King Hussein Monday evening called King Has-san II of Morocco to discuss the situation. King Hassan is the chairman of the Jerusalem Com-

The documents stolen by the Israeli troops contain conclusive evidence pertaining to the history of the holy city and the rights of Muslims, said the commission in done its appeal.

The commission urged the United States, which is cosponsoring the peace process, to shoulder its responsibility in deterring the Israeli occupation authorities from repeating such acts and to return the documents to

the Islamic Court. This "atrocions" act is a clear sign that the Israeli authorities disrgard international principles and United Nations resolutions as well as the Geneva Conventions, said the statement. The storming of the stolen documents to the of the Islamic Court Monday court.

afternoon exposes the truth about the Israeli government, which is opposed to the peace proces, it

The commission is determined to follow up the matter and take the appropriate measures at all levels to ensure the return of the documents stolen from the court, the statement said. According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, copies of the stolen documents dating as far back as 1536 AD are found at the University of Jordan in Amman.

Jordan officially condemned Israel's act Monday evening and urged the U.S. government and other parties involved in the Middle East peace process to put an end to such acts.

This crime reaffirms that Israel is continuing its pursut of aggressive policies in flagrant violation of all values and principles and in a manner that would offend the feelings of millions of Arabs and Muslims, said Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber.

As soon as the reports came in, the Jordanian government con-tacted the United States and other parties to inform them of the serious breach of international law, said Dr. Abu Jaber in a statement to Petra. He said that Jordan would follow up the Matter with other Arab and foreign countries to prevent a recurrence of such acts and ensure the return

CAEU expresses concern over accusations against Libya

AMMAN (Petra) - The Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) Tuesday voiced its concern over Western accusations levelled against Libya, saying they pose a threat to the economic and developmental achievements

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of Libya. The CAEU Secretary General, Hassan Ibrahim, said such accusations do not only pose threat to Libya's achievements, but also endanger the security and stability of the region and place obstacle in the face of the genuine efforts being made by the international community to start a new era dominated by peace and jus-

News Agency, Petra, Mr. Ibrahim said the escalation of the situation does not serve the purposes of all international parties. He pointed out that Libya has voiced its readiness to present the whole issue to international legal tribunals for investigation.

He stressed the importance of collective Arab work in safeguarding Libva's achieve-

Libva has been accused of taking part in the bombing of a Pan Am plane in 1988, which it has denied. Libya's Foreign Ministry has received a British request through the Italian the bombing of the plane.

ambassador to Libya to extradite two Libyans charged with In a statement to the Jordan Jordanian products show

KARAK (J.T.) — A six-day indust-rial fair held here as part of the Kingdom's pelebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's 56th birthday ended Tuesday.

A total of 75 Jordanian companies and industrial firms displayed samples of their products,. ranging from canned food to plastic products. According to sources at the Amman Chamber of Industry, which organised the fair, a large number of Jordanians and foreigners living in Amman and other areas visited the fair.

Among the non-Jordanians visiting the fair where ambassadors or senior members of staff of foreign embassies in Amman invited by the Chamber of Industry to inspect the various products on

interviewed by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, many people of the southern regions of Jordan voiced their support for such fairs being held in their areas to orient the public on Jordan's

national products.

The fair was organised within the campus of Muta University near, Karak, which strives to

serve the local community. As well as samples of manufactured products by the 75 firms, the fair displayed samples of handicrafts by charitable and voluntary organisations in the southern governorates of Jordan.

Chamber of Industry President Khaldoun Abu Hassan was quoted as saying that Jordan's industry accounts for 22 per cent of the gross national product

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cased to foreign officials at fair (GNP) and 92 per cent of Jordan's overall exports. He said Jordan's industry absorbs some 80,000 of the country's workers and the nation's manufactured products are being exported to 68 Arab and foreign countries.

> The recent development of Jordanian industries, he said in a statement to the local press, has helped to reduce Jordan's dependence of different products on foreign imports and saved the country a great deal of hard currency that would otherwise have been spent on imported

Despite the setbacks caused by the Gulf crisis and the continued blockade on Aqaba port by allied ships, Jordanian industry has managed to surge ahead and achieve a high level of quality products, he said

Mr. Abu Hassan said that the chamber had invited the heads of foreign missions and commercial attaches to visit the fair in Karak to orient themselves on the Jordanian industry and to bolster the Kingdom's commercial ties with their countries.

The commercial attache at the Bulgarian embassy here was quoted as saying that the visit offered him an opportunity to acquaint himself with the types of

goods produced in Jordan. Chambers of commerce and industry in the south cooperted with the Chamber of Industry in organising the fair, the first of its kind to be held in the south.

Home News in Brief

Medals awarded to Germans

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday conferred upon Genscher Roman, head of the German Interior Ministry delegation currently visiting the Kingdom, Jordan's Independence Medal of the Second Order. The King also conferred medals of the Third Order on two other members of the delegation.
Public Security Department Director Maj. General Fadel Ali Fuheid, who received the delegation in his office Tuesday, awarded the medals to them.

Conference to be held March 11

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ninth Scientific Conference of the Arab Accountants and Auditors Association will be held in Amman on March 11, according to a decision taken by the association's secretariat. At the conclusion of the secretariat's and the association's general assembly meetings, they decided to amend the association's statute to allow for more flexibility in convening the meetings. They also decided to send cables to international organisations calling for lifting the sanctions imposed on the Iraqi people and children.



Their Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan and Princess Sarvath attend ceremonies Tuesday in-

Second expansion phase of YMWA workshop initiated

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN (J.T.) — Their Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan and Princess Sarvath opened at the Sahab Industrial City Tuesday the second expansion phase of the "Sheltered Workshop," which is operated by the Young Muslim Women's Association

The expansion project was fi-nanced through a grant from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and supplied with a dust collecting system as a gift from the government of Japan.

The Prince and Princess toured parts of the workshop and inspected the wood works and the displayed pieces of furniture like cupboards, chairs and tables as well as domestic appliances made by the workshop. They also toured the assembly and packag-

At the outset of the ceremony,

administrative board, Khawlah Abu Odeh, reviewed the association's role and objectives.

The association, with backing from Princess Sarvath, the YMWA president, established the sheltered workshop in 1987. Mrs. Abu Odeh said. The sheltered workshop, which

allows the mentally retarded to build furniture for the local market, now offers training to 25 students, Mrs. Abu Odeh said. The workshop allows for the children to be productive and to contribute to society's progress, The second stage, opened

Tuesday, aims to create a better and more practical atmosphere for trainees and to give them an opportunity for employment la-

So far, the workshop has turned out 46 trainees with skills in woodwork, 32 of whom are employed within the workshop and 14 in factories in the Sahab

ment that she was pround to be president of the YMWA, whose role is to promote Jordanian society. The sheltered workshop aims to offer a service for the mentally retarded trainees and enable them to become useful citizens.

Since the establishment of the workshop, the government of Japan has extended cooperation to its activities. Four Japanese experts carried out teaching and advice tasks on wood and metal

Three Jordanian staff members of the workshop have been invited to Japan for training courses and equipment worth \$850,000 has been donated such as a forklift, two trucks, panel saw, edge binder machine, boring machines, air tackers and other enioment.

Among those present at the opening ceremony were several cabinet members, parliament deputies, Japan's ambassador to Jordan, Tadayuki Nonoyama and

Ministry of Tourism instituting Visa card system in country

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Tourism is undertaking arrangements by which European tourists visiting Jordan can make payments for their stay or souvenirs and services they might ourchase here through the international Visa card system.

The announcement was made by Minister of Tourism Abdul Karim al Kabariti, who said that a local firm has agreed to prepare the arrangements in cooperation with a consortium of Jordanian

The agreement to initiate the system follows a series of contacts the Ministry of Tourism has been conducting with concerned parties here and abroad, said the minister in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra. He said that some sort of system enabling tourists to pay through the Visa card should be created in view of the increasing number of tourist groups visiting Jordan these days, most of whom are



Abdul Karim Al Kabariti

that arrangements for the use of the Visa card by tourists in Jor-dan would be finalised by the end of this month so the system can be adopted early in December.

The tourism industry has witnessed an upsurge in activity late-The minister expressed hope ly in the winter season started

with the arrival in Aqaba of two weekly flights from northern Europe. The European tourists, mostly from the Scandinavian countries, stay for at least one week in Aqaba, visiting the southern regions and archaeological sites of Jordan.

The introduction of the Visa card for tourists in Jordan coincides with a Ministry of Tourism campaign to market Jordan abroad, especially in European countries.

Mr. Kabariti expressed hope that the use of the Visa card by tourists would ease matters for both tourists and also local merchants. He said there had been complaints recently over the fact that local merchants did not accept the Visa cards from tourists who wanted to pay for services or purchases.

Ministry of Tourism officials said this month that revenues from tourism reached JD 340 million in 1990 and they expected a furture increase of the tourism

Women of Bani Hamida to reach new level of international exposure

By Kirk Albrecht Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - It seems unthinkable, but the once-cottage industry of Bani Hamida is about to reach into the international floor covering world in a big way. The Save The Children project will be present for the first time in the prestigious Domotex Hannover floor covering show in Germany during the first week of Janu-

ary.
"This is the biggest trade show in the world for the floor covering industry," says Gha-da Habash, project director. "Over 40,000 buyers will be

The jump into international waters will take on modest proportions at first. "We have a display area of only 24 square metres, right next to displays which are 15 to 20 times the size of ours," Mrs. Habash explained. "And there are four whole buildings designated just for handmade products like

Still, the Bani Hamida project received a boost last month following its very successful exhibition in Helsinki. After receiving encouragement for a number of years from those in the retail rug trade to

line up a place in Hannover, the project applied lats year for a display area. Mrs. Habash hopes this will be the first year of a continuing presence for Bani Hamida.

"We want to make this a yearly event," she said.
Faced with the prospects of being a small fish in a big pond, Mrs. Habash says the team going to Hannover takes with it some very limited goals. We are really trying to establish credibility with the exporters," Mrs. Habash said.

The exporters are the crucial link for getting a product, such as Bani Hamida rugs, into the markets in Europe and the

By targeting the exporters, Mrs. Habash said the Bani Hamida project is trying to cut out the middle man in getting the product to a wider market base. Middle men in this industry, she said, can increase the final purchasing price by as much as 600, per cent, making the rugs much harder to sell in Europe and the West.

The team of three going from Amman, which includes designer Kelly Miller, Mrs. Habash and the project's marketing manager, will take with them only 100 kilos of rugs, with just three main designs for display. The rest will be rolled up for those interested in a closer look.

Mrs. Habash said the designs wil be some of their more traditional ones. "We will be taking more natural looking rugs with less colour. The people at this show are very environment-conscious," she

The Bani Hamida project, started in 1985, has grown from a dozen women to encompass 730 workers from 12 villages among the Bani Hamida, living about 75 kilometres south of Madaba near the Dead Sea. The project is com-pletely self-sufficient and has carned about JD 200,000 for these women. Many of them said that they rely on the work to care for their families.

"There was no work for me before the project, but now I have work and I'm learning to be a seamstress," says Yisra from the village of Baluta.

Other women in the village of Namiya express similar feelings. "I have a daughter going to school now in Salt. I need to pay her school fees," said one. Another added, "My husband has work, but it pays very

Husseini says Palestinians not relinquishing rights to whole of Palestine

AMMAN (Petra) — Palestinian Middle East peace process does not mean Palestinians are relinquishing their historical rights to the whole of Palestine, the chairman of the Palestinian Steering Committee said Tuesday.

Faisal Husseini said the Palestinians' search for a political solution to the Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip does not mean they are prepared to relinquish their rights to histor-Mr. Husseini also said peace

efforts are endangered because of extremist movements in the occupied Arab territories. Mr. Husseini, who was speaking during an open dialogue at the World Affairs Council, said the Palestinian delegation was prepared to coordinate with all Arab parties attending the peace talks with Israel, provided that no political stands are imposed by any Arab



He praised Iraq's call for linking the settlement of the Gulf crisis with a solution of the Palestine question and the application of international legitimacy.

Mr Husseini said that the international conditions had prompted the Palestine Liberation Organisation to agree to the American initiative to solve the Palestine question. He stressed that the United States is seeking a solution to the Palestine question in accordance with its own policy, but not in accordance with international legitimacy. The United States is interested in achieving stability in the region without any consideration for the party who is going to pay the price for such stability, he said.

However, Mr. Husseini said. America was seeking a peaceful solution to the Palestine ques-

Also attending the dialogue were Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali, head of the Jordanian side of the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the peace talks and a number of government officials.

Princess

Basma

Chairs

local Council.

meeting

TAFILEH (Petra) — Her Royal

Highness Princess Basma Tues-

day chaired a meeting for the

Tafileh Social Services Centre's

The meeting reviewed the programmes and activities of the

centre, especially the services it

provides to women and children

Princess Basma called for acti-

vating public participation in the

centre's programmes and expand-

ing the range of the centre's

services to include the surround-

ing areas. She also called for

enhancing cooperation and coor-

dination between the govern-

ment's public and private institu-

Princess Basma, chairperson of

the Queen Alia Social Welfare

Fund (QAF) board of trustees;

aim to expand social services,

providing useful programmes and

activities which would serve the

various social sectors as well as

extending aid to voluntary bodies

Tafileh Governor Khalid Al

il over the governorate

outlined the QAF's plans, which 👡

in the Tafileh Governorate.

Chechen community stages march for independence

By Nur Sati Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - About 1,000 people from the Republic of Chechen-Ingushetia, a Soviet republic, staged a peaceful march Tuesday appealing for the independence of their

Marchers carrying banners such as "Jordanian Chechens Support Unification of North Caucasus" and "The Russian Federal Republic Falters in Implementing Democracy," walked to the front of the United Nations office in Shmeisani where an appeal

was made. "We want the world to recognise a free Chechen-Ingushetia Republic," said Shishani Abdullah, a ground en-gineer for Royal Jordanian Airlines. "We are also appealing to the Muslim Arab countries to help us gain independ-

The Republic of Chechen-Ingushetia is one of the republics of the Russian Federation; Islam being the religion of the majority of its residents. In about two million Chechens were exiled to Siberia and other parts of the Soviet Un-

Later, most of the Chechens emmigranted to Islamic countries so that they would be free to practice Islam.

"We might not get feedback straight away," said one mar-

cher, "but we are not going to let the issue fizzle out. We will keep it alive until something

Mr. Abdullah, in echoeing the majority of the marchers, said, "we are going to continue our peaceful demonstrations until we are satisfied."

Although most of Jordanian Chechens regard their state as their "motherland" most of them do not consider going back — ever. This (Jordan) is our home. We were brought up here. We

the jordan Times. He declined to reveal his last name. Even for the elderly, immigration to the Chechen-Ingushetia Republic is out of

are Jordanians," Hassan told

the question.
"We have rights in Jordan. We were very lucky because we were treated with the same rights as Jordanians and not as second class citizens," said an elderly man, wearing the traditional Chechen dress.

During the march, the participants handed out leaflets promoting their cause. "If we had brought attention to the Chechen cause decades ago, maybe we would be an independent state by now," said Mr. Abdullah.

The republic lies in the northern part of Caucasia. west of the Caspian Sea. Its population is 1.3 million, all Muslims. The march was organised by the Society of the Friends of the Soviet Chechen-Ingushetia Republic.

German minister arrives, will study bonds of Jordanian families

AMMAN (J.T.) — The German Minister for Families and Senior Citizens Hannelore Roensch arrived here Tuesday, beginning a week-long visit to Jordan for talks with Jordanian officials on social

Mrs. Roensch will meet with Her Majesty Queen Moor, Chief Chamberlain Prince Raad Ben Zeid and Social Development Minister Awni Al Bashir.

She will visit a number of social service and social development centres in and around Amman as well as Petra, main and other social development centres in the south of Jordan.

In an arrival statement, Mrs. Roensch said her visit was aimed at familiarising herself with the social fabric of Jordanian families and to get first hand information on services provided by social institutions, particularly those

offerd to senior citizens.
The German minister said her ministry could cooperate with Jordan and stressed the importance of holding joint meetings to discuss the best means for serving the interests of both countries.

Royal Cultural Centre.

Bawaliz, who is chairman of the local council, landed cooperation between the council members which reflected positively on the activities of the centre. Director of the Centre Mahmoud Mahasneh, who was also present at the meeting, reviewed the activities and the programmes of the cen-

The meeting decided to form a joint committee comprising representatives of the local council and the concerned government departments. The committe will be entrusted with conducting surveys on areas needing social ser-

Princess Basma toured the various departments of the centre and visited its kindergartens, children's clubs and workshops.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

* Exhibition entitled "Graphic Arts of the 60s' (from the Federal Republic of Germany) at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation gallery (open from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.)

☆ Art exhibition by Haam Al Turk and Ahlam Al Turk at the Royal Cultural Centre. ★ Exhibition of children's paintings commemorating the 3rd anniversary of the declaration of the state of Palestine at the

☆ Exhibition entitled "Goethe Forest" at Yarmouk University.

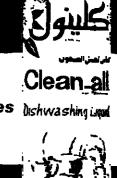
CLEAN - ALL

Dishwashing Liquid (with lemon fragrance).

Gentle on Hands & keeps them soft & tender.

After using CLEAN-ALL your dishes Dishwashing Liquid and utensils will have a fresh smell and sparkling shine.

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Peace with promise

THE THIRD-stage multilateral talks on the Middle East are drawing more than two dozen countries from the industrial world which are capable of funding any regional project that the parties to the ongoing peace conference can come up with and agree on. There is already talk about earmarking a multi-billion dollar amount for this purpose - something that neither Israel nor the Arab side can ignore or brush aside. By so doing, the basically Western countries from North America and the EC countries as well as Japan which are footing the bill are essentially raising the stakes for peace in the Middle East and serving notice on all the countries of the area that they have a lot to lose if they let the opportunity

slip away.

Reports from the capitals involved in this "Marshall Plan" also confirm that the financing of regional projects, be they related to environment or water or energy, will take place only after meaningful progress has been registered in the second-stage bilateral negotiations between the Arabs and Israel. In other words, implementation of such ambitious projects will be organically linked with the attainment of at least interim peace accords. This way, the multilateral negotiations and their conclusions are intended to serve as a potent incentive for the bilateral talks. This approach to the projected multilateral sets of negotiations is an interesting one, especially since it outlines a new perspective on how to proceed with the anticipated second and third stages of talks between the Arab states and Israel. This may mean that the multilateral negotiations must be initiated concurrently with the bilateral ones in order to have the occasion for influencing them and lending support to their successful

There is already talk about highlighting the regional water issue as well as the construction of a modern transportation systems linking the Middle East countries ever more closer by a network of railroads and highways. The water problem is being addressed on the basis of establishing a mega-sized desalination plant serving a multitude of states in the region. Such a water facility would complement any fair distribution of available water in the area including water from Turkish sources. This way, the long range solution of the water crisis would stand a good chance of being resolved.

This is only a sample of how the peoples of the region can profit from conditions of peace. The fact that so many rich countries are willing to pitch in and help the states of the area cope with their economic problems on a scale hitherto unknown in the past augurs well for the prospects of peace in the region as well as for its peoples. When peace with honour is linked with prosperity and progress, the sky is the limit as to where the peoples of this part of the world can go to attain comprehensive development and progress. In this sense, the would-be participating countries in the multilateral talks from outside the region would take great credit for giving peace in the Middle East a real chance.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IN DOWNING of an American plane over Scotland three years ago is considered a terrorist act but Washington, London and Paris have no right to accuse Libya of perpetrating it, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily. It said that the Western countries have not come up with any evidence proving that the Libyan intelligence service had committed the act, but the world community has been witnessing threats directed against the Libyan people similar to those directed against Iraq prior to the aggression launched against it. The paper said that Jordan does not condone any terrorist acts, but on the contrary it demands that the perpetrators be severely punished. The downing of the American plane is no less evil and atrocious than burying the Iraqi troops alive and the continued starving of the civilian population of Iraq, said the paper. It said that those responsible for the massacre of thousands of Iraqi civilians should be punished and those who are starving the innocent children of Iraq should be put on trial and receive the same severe punishment like those who had perpetrated the downing of the American plane, an action that took the lives of the innocent passengers. The paper said that not only those responsible for the downing of the American plane should be put on trial, but also those who shot down the Libyan and Iranian aircraft, those who are starving the innocent civilians of the Arab World and those who are exercising acts of piracy on other

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily focused attention on a report published in the Western press about the American troops using nuclear and radioactive materials in their aggression against Iraq. Tareq Masraweh, said that the report, quoted informed American sources as saying that the U.S. fired 5,000 radioactive projectiles on Iraqi positions, killing and injuring hundreds of thousands of Iraqi military and civilian people. According to the report, the radioactive materials, which are still affecting the Gulf region, are now endangering the lives of at least half a million civilians, the writer said. The new world order and the United Nations are allowing the United States to use nuclear weapons to attack Iraq and to continue a blockade to starve its people at a time when Arab countries are still siding with the United States in its aggression on an Arab country, said the writer. The United States is allowed to maintain a blockade on the Aqaba gulf to starve the Jordanian people by turning away food-laden cargo vessels bound for Aqaba while the Arabs are applauding the United States' actions and supporting its claim that it is seriously concerned about settling the Palestine question, said the writer. Masarweh asked how the Arabs could believe in Washington's actions while they continue to witness its atrocities committed against the Arab

Economic Forum

Consumption tax revisited

The new tax imposed on industrial domestic products two weeks ago was wrongly called a consumption tax. Call it a value added or excise tax, but it has technically nothing to do with consumption taxes. The latter are paid by the final consumer (buyer) irrespective of the origin of the grads (or services) concerned, whether they are manufactured domestically or imported. Consumer or color terms of colors to the constitution of the grads of the constitution of the grads of the constitution of the grads of the constitution of the grads of the grade of the grads of the grads of the grads of the grads of the grade of the grads of the g

sumer or sales taxes should also be paid directly by the consumer when he buys the goods and not by the manufacturer.

The new tax does not also fit within the framework of the proposal made in this column (Nov. 13, 1991) which called for adopting a modern tax system compatible with the spirit of supply-side economics, which is based on imposing taxes on the circulation of income (or revenue) rather than on the generation of income. The news tax is levied on the producer who might or might not be able to pass all or part of it to the buyer. A real consumption tax is paid by this buyer who pays it willingly because he is the one who makes the decision to buy. If he resents the tax or its rate, the consumer will either refrain from buying the product in question or buy less of it. This is economising in the real national sense of the word.

Cutting consumption is not a virtue or a recipe for economic success. Satisfying more human needs through more consumption is the ultimate, and noble, goal of economic activity. The higher

the consumption, the higher is the national income. The productive reduction in consumption is the one made for the purpose of leaving more for savings. Since savings are used to finance investment, the virtuous form of cutting consumption is the one, and only one, which serves as a mechanism of transferring funds to savings and, through them, to investment.

But look at our present so-called consumption tax. It will lead to transferring money from the pockets of the private sector to those of the government, which will use the proceeds to finance its current expenditures namely, to finance consumption. Thus, this tax serves to switch funds from consumption by the private sector to consumption by the government and, therefore, loses its

And there is more to that. Even if the government does not spend the totality of the proceeds of the new tax on consumpti the "saved" part will be less than the corresponding part which would have been saved by the private sector had the new tax not been there. The reason is very simple — the marginal propensity to save (MPS) of the private sector is higher (actually very much higher in Jordan) than that of the public sector. In simpler terms, the private sector saves more than the government does.

But, of course, Jordan has a budget deficit which the wise men of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and their Jordanian counterparts deem as intolerable and must be reduced until it is finally closed a few years from now. Very well. The IMF prescribes a set of standard "adjustment" measures for all developing countries which run into trouble and seek its advice. This is wrong because the circumstances of these countries are not identical and, therefore, one or more of these measures must be tailored to the particular needs and circumstances of this or that

In the specific case of Jordan, taxpayers are already overtaxed. The tax effort in Jordan is high and it is even much higher if this effort is measured by the yardsticks used by the IMF itself. To prescribe tax increases such as the "consumption" tax to remedy the budget deficit when the tax effort is already high was a double mistake. It should not have been prescribed by the IMF in the first place and should not have been accepted by Jordanian policy makers in the second place. This measure (tax hike) was applied to the wrong case and has naturally produced an uproar. More doses of the same medicine will trigger similar results, instantly or

There is no denying that our economy needs adjustment, but the question is by which means. This column is not, at least space wise, the right place to elaborate on the answer to this question.

At a historical crossroads, again

By Gad Ya'acobi

WE were recently informed by the Central Bureau of Statistics that the number of Jews in Israel today is 4.1 million. With the convening of a Middle East re-gional conference, the main decision regarding the country's future character has once again come into sharp relief.

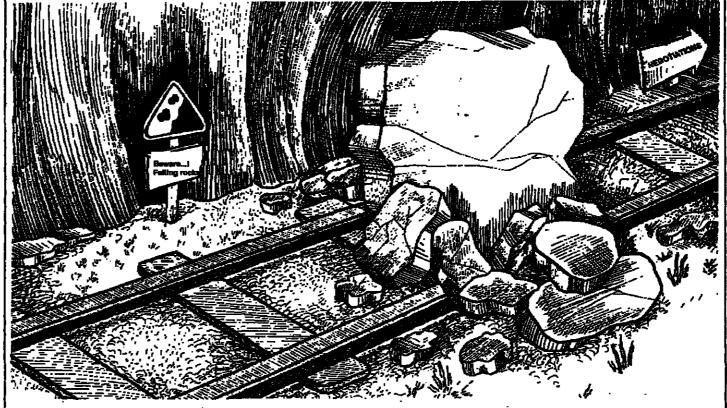
It would do us no harm to recall several historical decisions and missed opportunities. In 1936-37, a struggle took

place over the partition of Palestine, and David Ben-Gurion's approach, favouring the principle of partition, was endorsed at the time. In retrospect, it turned into a historical decision toward the establishment of the state.

In November 1936, Ben-Gurion, then chairman of the Zionist Executive of the Jewish Agency, gave evidence before the British Royal (Peel) Commission sent to Palestine to investigate the reasons for the Arab riots that had broken out the previous April and to recommend a solu-

The rise of the Nazis in Germany and of antisemitism in Eastern Europe gave Ben-Gurion's words a sense of approaching danger and urgency. Chaim Weizmann, the president of the Zionist Organisation, was decision which would have enabled the immigration of one million Jews to Palestine over 25 years. Ben-Gurion demanded that it be done in five! He felt very strongly that time was run-

ning out.
"In the next five years," he declared "the fate of our generation, if not our fate for generations, will be decided." Replying to a question at the session of the



M.KAHIL

Palestine." Lord Peel, the chairman, asked: "How many Arabs live in the country?" Ben-Gurion responded: "When there will be four million Jews here, there will be about two million Arabs." six million?" Ben-Gurion:

It is astonishing how clearly Mr. Ben-Gurion foresaw the situation: in 1948, the Provisional

illion Jews can live in majority, to establish the state of calls for some soul-searching. Israel. A delay or a vote against Mr. Ben-Gurion would have changed the course of history.

Since then, many critical crossroads have been missed by Lord Peel: "A total population of Israel: the prospect of reaching an interim peace settlement in 1971-72, the Jericho Plan in 1974, the London Document of 1987 etc. No one can tell what would have happened "if..."

Royal Commission, he said: Council decided, by a large However, what did happen military conflict, wasting our Shall we be a democratic Jewish state which provides all its

citizens with equal rights -- or a bi-national state practising apartheid? A focus of identification for world Jewry, or no longer the centre of the Jewish people? Shall we invest our talent, resources and efforts in constructing a growing economy and progressive society, or shall we erode in endless intifadas and as perpetual

meager resources on new settlements and increasing the size of old ones in the midst of a Palestinian population in the adminis-

With its own hands, the government has created a nightmare. It is de facto annexing two million Arabs to Israel, and investing in year. In addition, the cost of the The Jerusalem Post.

intifada to our national economy - in defence, loss of productivity, trade, tourism, etc. — is about NIS 1.5 billion which NIS 600 million is direct government

Obviously, a political move leading to a peace settlement will reduce the security threat to Israel and enable a reduction in expenditure on defence.

Cutting expenditure on enlarg-ing settlements, creating new ones, and populating them, will prevent the de facto annexation of the territories, and free vast sums for the creation of employment for immigrants and young people, and advance education, housing, defence, science and culture.

It is not an American or Palestinian problem. It is a matter that will determine the essence of Israel. If it were not an Israeli problem par excellence, I would not be disturbed by it.

It is an Israeli problem because if we do not make progress towards a settlement, we shall not be able to be what we aspired to be, and perhaps still wish to be: a democratic state of Jews in the land of Israel living in security and peace and devoting most of its spiritual, human and economic resources to developing itself.

Therefore territories for peace, absorption and employment must be our credo; without them we

cannot achieve our goal. The state's fate and future are at stake. It is not a partisan or political issue. It is not a matter of opposition-coalition games. It is a historical crossroads, and the direction we choose to take will follow us for a long time.

It will be unbearably shortthis absurd project some New sighted and irresponsible if we act Israeli Shekel (NIS) 3.5 billion a as if there is nothing we can do. —

Baker, Washington's top negotiator, has tough time in China

By Andrew Quinn

PEKING — Secretary of State James Baker, Washington's ablest negotiator, has discovered the hard way that Peking's tough-minded strategists give away little - and then only at the

Mr. Baker's grim face during photo sessions before his talks vividly reflected U.S. concern over human rights, arms sales and

But with unflappable aplomb, the Chinese stonewalled him. Session after session of talks produced nothing but glares and nervous diplomats. There were

the cameras, no promises for the China produced its last-minute concessions only after Mr. Baker had delayed his Sunday departure for hours. The Americans greeted them as substantial and

no smiles and no handshakes for

real progress but diplomats described them as minimal. The promises were won only after a dicey game of give-andtake that sent Mr. Baker and his

advisers into a last-ditch huddle to figure out the political cost.
The Chinese did not even address human rights, the top item on Mr. Baker's agenda, until he warned them their obstinacy was jeopardising the future of Sino-American links, according

to U.S. officials with his party. Diplomats said on Monday Peking's tactics had achieved their goal: Keep talking, concede

"The Chinese played this very well ... they want something in return. If they get it, then the

whole process will simply be an in power after the 1989 killings, exercise in mutual benefit," one said the two sides should take a Western diplomat said.

The importance both sides the highest U.S. official to come to China since its harsh 1989 crackdown on dissent, was evident from the outset.

After touching down at Peking's airport on Friday, his motorwith Foreign Minister Oian

said the two sides should take a longer-term perspective. Mr. Baker only last month

placed on the visit by Mr. Baker, achieved what many deemed impossible by getting Arabs and Israelis to sit round the same table. In Peking his frustration was clear as he sat stiffly in a string of reception rooms in the Great Hall of the People, staring cade whisked him straight to talks at his cufflinks and fidgeting with impatience.

NEWS ANALYSIS

Qichen, the first stop in a string of meetings with Chinese leaders that included Premier Li Peng, President Yang Shangkun and Communist Party leader Jiang

The trip, seen as a chance to repair the repture caused by the 1989 Tiananmen killings, centred on Washington's complaints over Peking's human rights re-

'I'm not sure they understood it," an official travelling with Mr. Baker said of China's response to

During his talks on Saturday with Premier Li Peng, Mr. Baker seemed unwilling even to look at the man widely regarded as an architect of the 1989 crackdown. Mr. Li, smiling grimly, lectured the stony-faced Mr. Baker on China's 5,000 years of history, a classic expression of China's per-

ceived cultural superiority. President Yang told Mr. Baker outstanding American complaints could be shelved. Mr. Jiang, put and then denied.

The American diplomatic team was downbeat, with one U.S. official saying the Chinese had shown no progress on any of Washington's concerns.

The Chinese gamble extended into Sunday, which Mr. Baker began with a private visit to a Peking christian church. He returned to the state guest-

house at Diaoyutai only after an unexplained stop at the U.S. embassy, and launched a last round of talks with Foreign Minister Qian Qichen some 45 minutes behind schedule.

While the international press milled around the guesthouse's manicured grounds, the two negotiators faced off. The meeting stretched on and Baker's plane was told to wait.

At one point, Mr. Baker and his top adviser on human rights left the room for a heated, private discussion on the steps of the building outside. Preparations for a news conference were hinted at



Finally, some five hours after he was due to leave, Mr. Baker appeared at a news conference to announce that China had given him agreements signalling "clear gains in the fields of (arms) proliferation and trade.'

Diplomats said the Chinese, by holding their concessions until the last minute, had forced the Americans to present them in a positive light.
"The Chinese gave the Amer-

icans something to point to," one diplomat said. "That means they have managed to keep the process of dialogue going and stopped relations from getting any

"But I don't think anything very basic was changed by the

Yeltsin's decree wins him control but no guarantee of change

By Deborah Seward
The Associated Press

MOSCOW — Russian President they bring quick improvements The decrees show a take- Chechen-Ingushetia.

charge approach to the crumbling-Soviet economy just ahead of with the group of seven major industrialised democracies closely monitoring economic reform.

By assuming responsibility for democracy he successfully re-sisted during the hardline coup attempted in August.

and assurances that Mr. Yeltsin's tendency to rule by decree is not endangering Russia's fledgling The use of decrees to set policy

shows a disregard for the democratic principle of endowing the legislature with the power to make laws and the president with the authority to execute them. Mr. Yeltsin maintains strong presidential rule is needed to restore order.

In pre-revolutiontary Russia. the czars and later liberal reformers often used decrees to order deep changes to a people with no democratic traditions.

Neither Mr. Yelstin nor the Russian legislatuare seized opportunities after the failed coup to adopt a new constitution

or set up a supreme court, which could have belped decide some of

the complex issues they now face. The Russian legislature early Boris Yeltsin's latest decrees last week warned Mr. Yeltsin of wresting control over the eco- the danger of executive rule. It nomy from central Soviet leaders failed to endorse his decree decould become paper tigers unless claring emergency rule in the breakaway Muslim enclave of

The overwhelming vote call-Soviet economy just ahead of ing for a political solution and crucial talks beginning Monday Mr. Yehtsin's order to send Soviet troops to the enclave tranished his post-coup image as a democratic reformer.

Other separatist movements the Soviet Union's economic cri- and ethnic conflicts brewing insis, Mr. Yeltsin faces a challenge side Russia could capsize Yeltat least as great as the assault on sin's efforts to create a market economy The 10 economic decrees re-

leased late Saturday claim control Western creditors will want over the Soviet money supply and guarantees they can collect the trade in oil, gold, diamonds and Soviet debt, regardless of how it is divided among the republics populist but likely inflationary move to raise workers' salaries. The decrees would cancel the official foreign currency exchange rates set by the Soviet government starting Jan. 1 on Russian

territory and allow the republic's central bank to set new rates. That appears to be a significant step towards allowing the currency to be traded freely on international markets, a condition the West has placed on large-scale

foreign investment.

The West will want an explanation of the move to suspend new export licenses for oil, natural gas ed coal until Jan. 1 and give Mr. Yeltsin's government control over export quotas from the republic, which produces about 90 per cent of the Soviet Union's oil.

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Media coverage of the Gulf crisis; a survey of correspondents

By Mohammad Najib Al Sarayrah and Moha Ibrahim Ayish

FOR many years, the flow of international news has been a salient issue on the agenda of global political and academic debates. Among other things, Third World spokesmen charged in the 1970s and early 1980s that Western media coverage of their nations was generally negative and crisis-oriented. One researcher noted that the crisis-centered coverage of developing countries by Western media produces a skewed quantity of news rather than a constant flow because those media report by means of "spot" coverage, with the volume of news spurting higher when a crisis draws attention. An American journalist has articulated Western correspondents' penchant for crisis news when he asked: "Why the hell should anyone but a specialist, be interested in Congo, when there is not a crisis there?

Although crisis reporting by Western media had drawn a good amount of research in the past two decades, most of the studies conducted employed content analysis as a data-gathering method. This type of analysis may be useful in throwing light on the nature of news output. However, it is incapable of showing why that output appeared as it did. Explicating determinants of crisis coverage demands an investigation into the context of such coverage using other datagathering techniques, one of which is survey research. In this case, data obtained from foreign correspondents reporting a crisis appears to be quite helpful in acquainting us with the perceptions and attitudes of those correspondents and with the problems and issues arising in the context of crisis coverage.

Taking international media correspondents' reporting of the Gulf crisis (From Aug. 2, 1990 to Jan. 16, 1990) as a case study, this article seeks to throw light on correspondents' perceptions of the crisis and the problems facing them. The study also attempts to identify some of the organisational aspects of crisis reporting as perceived by correspondents. During the past two decades, Western correspondents operating in the Middle East have long complained of such problems as lack of access to and cooperation from Arab officials and information ministries, and getting into the country and obtaining inter-

The general research question addressed by this article relates to the issues and problems arising in the context of foreign correspondents coverage of the Gulf crisis from Amman, Jordan. In light of the debates associated with such coverage, the article investigates professional, political and organisational factors that may have impinged on reporting the Gulf crisis from Amman, Jordan before evolving into a full-fledged

A random sample (of 40) foreign correspondents who were reporting from Jordan on the Gulf crisis before it broke out into a full-fledged war was surveyed by the authors to investigate their perceptions, problems and work practices. According to Jordanian Ministry of Information sources, over 500 foreign correspondents arrived in Jordan from Aug. 2, 1990 to Jan. 16, 1991, to cover the

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crisis. Data gathered from the sample indicates that Jordan was selected as a base of operation by those correspondents because the country is geographically close to Iraq; public opinion was generally pro-lraq while official government stands reflected neutrality: Jordan was negatively affected by the influx of hundreds of thousands of Gulf evacuees into its territories and media facilities were conveniently available to correspondents in the capital city of Amman.

A 27-item questionnaire was placed in mail boxes of correspondents residing in three major notels in Amman. Respondents were asked to return completed questionnaires to hotel receptionists. The questionnaire sought to gather data from correspondents on age, nationality, experience, place of operation, media affiliation, occupational status, education, exposure to the Middle East foreign language, frequency of filing reports, adequacy of available facilities, reliance on local reporters, sources used, reason(s) for choosing Amman, degree of cooperation from Jordanian officials, perceptions of coverage, problems faced by correspondents and possible changes in perspective.

Data showed that 65 per cent of respsondents were males while 35 per cent were females. In terms of age, the study indicated that 40 per cent of respondents were in their 30s, 27.5 per cent in their 20s and 20 per cent in their 40s. Data on age suggest a generally young sample of correspondents who perhaps had little experience in crisis reporting during the 1970s and 1960s.

As for nationality, the study showed that 27.5 per cent of correspondents were American: 12.5 per cent British; 10 Per cent French; 7.5 per cent Greek and 7.5 per cent Italian. Non-Jordanian Arab correspondents constituted 15 per cent of the sample. The dominance of American-European correspondents in the sample may be explained by two factors: The global media dominance of Western Europe and the United States and the direct involvement of these nations in the anti-Iraq coalition. One more reason that may be cited relates to the centrality of crisis news to Western media as they report international affairs. Another reason concerns the huge capabilities of Western media institutions which have the necessary resources to dispatch correspondents around the world.

Concerning media affiliation the study indicated that 60 per cent respondents worked for television, 25 per cent for newspapers and 7.5 per cent for radio. The high percentage of TV correspondents reflects the rising importance of television as a medium of international communication, especially with the introduction of satellites to global television broadcasting. Daily television reports dispatched live by CNN's Baghdad correspondent Peter Arnett and the subsequent rise of this network in U.S. television ratings seem to underscore the growing centrality of

television in crisis coverage. The results of the study indicated that 65 per cent of correspondents were originally based in Western countries before being dispatched to Jordan to cover the Gulf crisis. Those who were originally stationed in the Middle East

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nished.

before the outbreak of the crisis constituted 17.5 per cent while 7.5 per cent were based in Southeast Asia. The main implication of these finding is that the majorof correspondents covering Gulf crisis did not seem to be familiar with the region's issues and problems. This means that their reporting of a complex crisis of the magnitude of that in the Gulf would tend to be less than balanced and enlightened, especially when their mother countries are central parties in the anti-Iraq alliance.

Data showed that 87.5 per cent of respondents worked on a fulltime basis while 12.5 per cent operated as stringers. The high percentage of full-time correspondents in the sample points out to importance covering the Gulf crisis for Western media.

As for news experience in general, it was found that 32.5 per cent of correspondents had a 6 to 10 year experience while the experiences of 22.5 per cent ranged from 1 to 5 years; 17.5 per cent from 11 to 15 years. Ten per cent of the sample had a general news experience of 25 years and over. On the other hand, the foreign news experience of 40 per cent of the sample ranged from 6 to 10 years and of 17.5 per cent from 11 to 15 years. The fact that a large percentage of correspondents 72.5 per cent had a foreign news experience of 10 years or less indicate their limited familiarity with international issues in general and those of the Middle East in particular.

"Disagreement over potential distortion did not rule out possibilities of modifications and changes in news reports dispatched by correspondents. Indeed, 80 per cent of respondents admitted those changes do take place in the gate keeping chain while 12.5 per cent seem to think those editorial changes, despite their frequent occurrence, should in no way imply a distortion."

In terms of education, the study found that 70 per cent of correspondents had a bachelor degree; 20 per cent had a masters degree and 5 per cent were Ph.Ds. As for area of study, the results showed 25 per cent of the sample majored in journalism, 20 per cent in social/ human sciences and 22.5 per cent of literature/linguistics. Data on education indicate a good percentage of respondents were welleducated, especially in areas of communication and social sciences. However,the question of whether those subjects of academic training were related to foreign affairs has yet to be in-

The finding that 77.5 per cent of correspondents had either lived or worked in the Middle East may suggest a previous exposure to Middle East culture and politics, but it should in no way suggest acquisition of insights into the region's problems.

Data on foreign languages mastered by the sample showed that English was spoken as a foreign language by 28.7 per cent of respondents, French by 30.3 per cent and Arabic by 6.06 per cent

ers among non-native speakers in the sample reflects the growing expansion of both languages as media of communication. On the other hand, the low percentage of users of Arabic as a foreign language among correspondents suggests a serious shortcoming in reporting news from foreign countries. This finding may be well understood by noting that the majority of correspondents were originally based in Western countries where they did not have to use Arabic in their newswork.

The results of the study also indicated that 77.5 per cent of respondents used to file their news reports on the Gulf crisis on a daily basis, while 22.5 per cent had no answer. As for means of dispatch, the study showed that 27.4 per cent of correspondents used telephone, 40.17 per cent used satellites, 9.80 used facsimile and 15.68 per cent used personal computers. Data on correspondents' use of modern communications technologies seem to explain the high frequency of report dispatch; something that turned the Gulf crisis coverage into an instantaneous reporting

In reporting the Gulf crisis, 45 per cent of the sample said they sought help from local reporters while 32.5 per cent said they did not. This moderate reliance on native newsmen to collect and report the news may be explained by foreign correspondents' nonmastery of Arabic. However, the finding that over half the sample did not resort to local reporters for help may be understood by noting that a large number of Jordanians do speak English as a second language.

As for sources used by foreign correspondents in covering the Gulf crisis from Jordan, the study showed that 37.5 per cent of correspondents relied on private sources and 25 per cent used both. For foreign correspondents, the relatively low usage of official sources vis-a-vis private sources may be explained by limited access accorded to them by government officials. Private sources were more conveniently accessed. This assumption, however, seems to go counter to the results of the study in which correspondents gave high rating to the cooperation on the part of Jordanian officials. For example, on a scale form 1-10, 32.5 per cent of the sample gave a full mark to levels of such cooperation. This may indicate high decorrespondents already given access to those offices.

With respect to their views on alleged distorted coverage of the crisis, 55 per cent of correspondents disagreed with such allegations, while 22.5 per cent agreed. The high percentage of correspondents denying charges of distortion may be explained by the fact that an opposite position would suggest a selfcondemnation on the part of correspondents. Disagreement over potential distortion did not rule out possibilities of modifications and changes in news reports dispatched by correspondents. Indeed 80 per cent of respondents admitted those changes do take place in the gate keeping chain while 12.5 per cent seem to think those editorial changes, despite their frequent occurrence, should in no way imply a distortion. As for the critical issue(s)

only. The high percentage of underlying the Gulf crisis 7.5 per certainly be different from English and French language uswas the Palestinian problem; 7.5 per cent thought it was the occupation of Kuwait, another 7.5 per cent believed it was the presence of U.S.-led forces in the Gulf. and 10 per cent believed it was oil. Lack of consensus on the issue(s) underlying the Gulf crisis seems to reflect varying perspec-tives held be correspondents on the problem. This variation will certainly have a bearing on the type of coverage correspondents offer to their audiences around the world. A news report based

on the view that the whole con-

flict was about Palestine would

The results of study indicated that 40 per cent of correspondents thought the newsworthy components of the crisis were political military and humanitarian. Those who thought political aspects only were the most important constituted 35 per cent; those who thought of military aspects accounted for 10 per cent and those who thought of humanitarian aspects made up 15 per cent. The high percentage of correspondents giving priority to political/military news over humanitarian news seem to be

compatible with the findings of previous research in which Westem media were shown to be highly attracted to news rife with political and military drama as that in the Gulf.

As for the persistence of cor-respondents' views on the conflict since its outbreak on Aug. 2,1990, 47.5 per cent thought their perspectives underwent certain changes while 37.5 per cent said no changes took place. This finding system seems to underscore the significance of time series studies of newsmen (over time) as one — shot studies, may not always reflect enduring attitodes and values.

When asked about the general problems facing them in covering the Gulf crisis in Jordan 17.5 per cent cited language, 15 per cent cited lack of official cooperative, 15 per cent cited access to Iraq and 5 per cent cited inadequate media facilities. For the most part, such problems seem to have an organisational rather than a political nature, and thus may be alleviated by media institutions

Mohammad Al Sarayrah and Mohammad Ayish teach journalism at Yarmouk University. They contributed this article to the Jordan Times.



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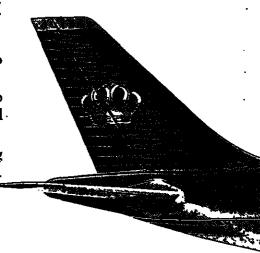
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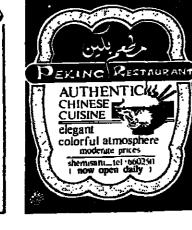
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Navratilova and Graf reach Quarters at Slims Championships

YORK (R) - Fourth seed na Navratilova survived rening night jitters to win ight serve and volley duel usainst Lori McNeil at the esson-ending Virginia Slims hampionships Monday.

Navratilova joined second seed Steffi Graf in the quarterfinals after the German Wimbledon champion made short work of Spaniard Conchita Martinez to open the \$3 million, 16-player

Both Navratilova and Graf extended perfect records against their respective first-round oppo-

Navratilova raised her record to 9-0 against fellow-American McNeil with her 6-4 7-5 win, while Graf made it five-for-five against the ninth-ranked Martinez with a relatively easy 6-0 6-3

Despite winning this tournament five times, Navratilova, who missed last year due to knee surgery, admitted to a severe case of butterflies on her return to

Madison Square Garden. "I was a little nervous and very tentative. I'm glad to get it over with," said the nine-time Wimbledon champion who turned 35 last month.

"Last week I played Lori in the semifinals, now I meet her in the first round so can see the strength of the tournament.

Martinez never appeared comfortable or happy on the indoor carpet as she sleep-walked through the opening set against Graf, who served extremely well.

The Spaniard put up more of a tussle in the second set. She broke Graf in the opening game and fought tenaciously to hold the advantage in the 18-point fourth game, fighting off three break points and holding for 3-1 after six deuces.

But that game proved something of a wake-up call for Graf, who picked up her game a notch and recied off the next five games to close out the match.

"In the beginning of the second set there were some very, very close and tough points," said Graf, the 1987 and 1989 champion. "I think she got a little bit tired after that."

After the lopsided opening match, McNeil and Navratilova brought the crowd to life with their aggressive net play.

Many points came down to whoever was able to fight their way to the net first for a put-away

Navratilova, chipping and charging at every opportunity, rode a first-game service break to win the opening set, but not with-out some scary moments in the 10th game.

went down 0-40 to the 19thranked McNeil. But Navratilova, ranked fourth in the world,, bore down and won

Serving for the set, she quickly

five consecutive points to hold "I just said to myself 'take it one point at a time.' I was lucky

to get out of the set." she said. The second set began with four service breaks as each player returned serve and passed effec-Navratilova seized the final advantage with a break for 6-5

when she placed a shot at the feet of the charging McNeil, who picked it up, but hit a backhand The five-time champion made the most of her first chance to end

the struggle by holding serve at 15

Navratilova, buoyed by her win over top-ranked Monica Seles eight days ago in Oakland, likes ber chances here.

"Hell if you can beat the number one player in the world, you

don't have too many years left and I want to make the most of what I have."

Graf, who split with Pavel Slozil last week, said Monday she would not decide on a replaceent for her long-time coach after the season-ending Virginia Slims Championships.

"I think I am in the business long enough to know what to do. Obviously I 'm doing okay," she said referring to her easy firstround win without Slozil's help.

Asked about rumours that she would be working with former Swiss professional Heinz Gunthardt, Graf suggested that he was just one of the candidates for the demanding job of pushing the former world number one. "I have not said anything yet. I

have been playing at home for a few days with him and I played with two other guys," she said. "I just want to concentrate on my tournament right now and I will take care of that after my holiday."

Graf said it was an amicable split from Slozil, the Czechoslovak former professional who coached her through her record 186 weeks atop the world rank-



"I think it had more to do with being five years together. I think that is really a long time and sometimes it is a bit tiring for both of us," siad Graf, who won her third Wimbledon title this

"I think you need sometimes to see different faces, to hear different ideas.

Graf said the key to her successful relationship with Slozil was mutual respect — and fun.

"It is very tough to be together 35 weeks in a year, but I think we

really worked hard together and a good time."

The 22-year-old winner of 10 Grand Slam singles titles wished Slozil well in future endeavours, which will include working with the possible future world number one, Jennifer Capriati.

"I hope they do well. I think they will. Jennifer has a lot of talent for the future and I think it is a great challenge for him."

we really had a lot of motivation, both of us. And so we enjoyed what we were doing. And we had

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) What-

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 20, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: With so many good aspects in effect today you can afford to think of the other fellow and avoid any preoc-cupation with minor interest that really won't advance your cause of action to any degree.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You are able to rightly cement bonds of accord between you and others now and to profit through associations which come into being or that are now continued.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Make a point to go directly to that expert who has had experience in matters of present concern to you and get suggestions for your suc-

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You

have a good chance to have a very happy day but it is necessary that you do get off to the pleasures you like as soon as you possibly can. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have a wonderful chance now to do what pleases members of your own household and do something that brings you respect and good will of an execu-

ever appointments, conferences or meetings you can arrange to better understand the viewpoints of others and put your own across is fine now.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Think out how you can arrange

your life so that you have more money, property and possessions and think what others expect from you and help them get it.

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LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Now you are able to meet with that person of whom you are so fond who is impatient and impentuous but who has brilliant ideas and get him to go along with you. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Private preparations to do more than you have done for sometimes are just great schedule your coming days so you really get

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Be as much as possible with good friends today as you can and let them see you are willing to go along with them and reap the benefits therefor.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Get out in the world of action early and take your rightful place with those who have any kind of communication with you that is above reproach.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Take time our now to put some additional sparkle in your life so that newcomers will be attracted to you and willing to go along with your ideas.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) This is your time to be sure that you do attend to whatever obliga-tions facing you in a pleasant spirit such as insurance, taxes, social

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Backley's record to be reinstated

STUTTGART, Germany (R) - Steve Backley's 1990 Javelin throw of 89.58 metres will be reinstated as the official world record from next Jan. 1, the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) decided at its council meeting. Backley, Czechoslovak Jan Zelezny and Finn Seppo Raty have between them improved the mark four times since July last year but they used a rough-tailed implement now outlawed by the IAF. Only marks set with j. velins with smooth surfaces will be recognised for world record purposes, the IAAF ruled following complaints from throwers that their event was being devalued by technological developments. IAAF technical committee proposals required all javelins to be smooth and uniform throughout. The surfaces of the shafts had to be devoid of any dimples, grooves, ridges, holes or roughness. Raty boosted the world mark to 96.96 in Finland in June. Briton Backley, who reached 89.58 with a conventional, smooth-edged javelin, said: "It's the best possible boost for next year's Olympics after the disappointments of 1991."

Tarino appeal against home ban

BERNE (R) - Italy's Torino have appealed against a ban on using their own stadium for the home leg of their UEFA Cup quarterfinal tie against AEK Athens next month, officials said Landay. A European Football Union (UEFA) official said the appeals board would sit in Geneva Friday and Saturday. UEFA's Control and Disciplinary Committee imposed the stadium ban orino fans fought with police and destroy seating during the away leg of their second-round tie against Boavista of Portugal on Nov. 6. The committee ruled that Torino must play the Dec. 11 tie against AEK at least 300 kilometres from Turin. The official said UEFA had also received an appeal from the Spanish Football Association against a fine of 75,000 Swiss francs (\$50,000) for crowd disturbances during the European Championship qualifier between Spain and France in Seville Ci Oct. 12.

Johnston moves to Everton

EVERTON, England (AP) — Striker Mo Johnston Monday completed a £1.5-million (\$2.5 million) transfer from Rangers of the Scottish premier division of Everton of the English first division. Johnson, 28, said he was looking forward to returning to the English first division, where he played for Watford in the early 1980s. "I am delighted to be joining such a big club and starting a new career on Merseyside," he said. "I have not been in the Rangers first-team for the past month and have been looking closely at my situation. When Everton came in I just had to sign. It's a case of one door closing and another opening." Johnston was the first big-name Catholic player for Rangers, traditionally an all-Protestant team. "I spent 21/2 years with Rangers and I would like to stress that it was a great time," he said. "There is no animosity and I wish them all the best."

GOREN BRIDGE

TOO FAST FOR COMFORT

286432 VEST EAST J975 4 Void Void ∇74 QJ109630 K87542 WEST 4 J 9 7 5 **♣** K Q 10 7 2 SOUTH

The bidding:
South West North East
2 7 Pass 3 7 Pass
4 NT Pass 5 7 Pass
Pass Pass **985** Opening lead: Queen of $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$

Among the local aficionados Vot-mai Tinkinov, the Russian emigre, had earned the soubriquet of The had impressed everyone by the speed of his bidding and play, if not by its accuracy. No one sitting out at his table ever had long to wait before getting a chance to cut in for the next rubber. This is an example of

both aspects of his game. Tinkinov picked up the South hand and a routine demand bid and positive response quickly got North-South to what rated to be a laydown grand alam. It didn't phase Tin-kinov a whit that he had two possible club losers when he launched into Blackwood. A spade lead would have settled matters at the opening

clarer grinned from ear to ear and discarded a club on the ace. After drawing trumps in two rounds, de-clarer cashed the ace of spedes and East's discard was a shock. South As is often the case, a seemingly

simple hand contained a deathtrap. However, had declarer taken some time to study the position, it would have become obvious that only four spades in the West hand threatened the contract. The cure was not too difficult to spot.
On the ace of diamon

should have discarded the ten of should have discarded the ten of spedes! After drawing trumps, decision, unfazed by the fact that West has at the missing spades, cashes all three of the top honors, crosses to dumny with a trump and ruffs a spade. That sets up the table's fifth spade, and there is still a trump on the board, as well as the ace of clubs

Actually, South was lucky this hand cropped up at rubber bridge, where honors could be claimed. At duplicate we might have contracted for the higher-scoring no-trump alam, and been defeated by the evil

Germany cannot afford to lose in Belgium

BRUSSELS (R) — World champions Germany simply cannot afford to lose their European Championship qualifier in Belgium Wednesday.

The Germans, second in group five, must pick up three points from their final two matches against Belgium and at home to Luxembourg on Dec. 17 — to pull level with leaders Wales and go through to next year's finals on goal difference.

The rejuvenated Belgian side are already out of the running for the finals in Sweden but German coach Berti Vogts still considers them tricky opponents. "Belgium have nothing to win

or lose. It will be their easiest match for years. That will make them very dangerous," he said. But Vogts' players are confident they will beat Belgium.

"Of course, qualifying for the European Championship is at stake and the pressure is high. But we've learnt from the past that the Germans perform best in these circumstances," midfielder Lothar Matthaeus said.

Defender Stefan Reuter has recovered from a knee operation three weeks ago and will play, allowing Vogts to field the team which defeated Wales 4-1 in Nuremberg last month.

Belgiom will be missing Franky Van Der Elst, the nation's Player of the Year last season, who is suffering from a viral infection. He will be replaced by uncapped 19-year-old Johan Walem of Anderlecht.

Portugai prepares for World Cup

SO I WROTE TO THE

CONTEST PEOPLE, AND

TOLD THEM I HAD NO

USE FOR A LAWN MOWER

Portugal, aware that their

Peanuts

European Championship hopes are virtually dead, will turn their minds instead to the next World Cup when they meet Greece in their final championship qualifier Wednesdy.

Portugal's trainer Carlos Queiroz has drafted six members of the country's world youth team into the squad for the Lisbon match to give them more international exposure in the run-up to the 1994 World Cup.

"We are aware that we are practically out of the European Championship but there is dignity and honour to defend," said deputy coach Antonio Oliveira. 'Our sights are already set on the 1994 World Cup."

Victory in the Group 6 match would put Portugal level on points with leaders the Netherlands. But the Dutch, who meet Greece in their final group match on Dec. 4, boast a far superior goals difference record. The Greeks would need to beat

lands handsomely to have a hope of qualifying for next year's finals in Sweden. Greece have never lost to Portugal in Lisbon and team manager Antonio Georgiadis said on

both Portugal and the Nether-

arrival: "I hope the tradition continues.' Portugal will have to make do without Atletico Madrid winger Paulo Futre, who has an ankle injury. He has been replaced by Oceano Cruz, who plays for another Spanish club, Real

Sociedad.

حک

Bulgaria hold key to Romania's Scotland's chances

Romania's and Scotland's

chances of reaching the European Soccer Championship finals rest on the result of the Group 2 qualifier between Bulgaria and Romania Wednesday. Romania need to beat the

Bulgarians in the final group match by any margin except 1-0, a scoreline which would put Scotland into the finals. Scotland lead with 11 points, one ahead of Switzerland. Roma-

nia are third with nine points and so could still win the group on goal difference. Romanian Manager Mircea

Radulescu said that, despite

being without five key players because of injury, he was hoping for a resounding win in Sofia. Radulescu will be missing defenders Michael Klein and Dan

Petrescu, midfielder Daniel

Timofte and strikers Gavrila

Balint and Iosif Rotariu. Key striker Marius Lacatus is also injured but Radulescu said he hoped to have him fit by

Bulgaria's manager Dimitar Penev said he would be able to field his strongest team, with the exception of defender Trifon Iva-

Savon leads Cuban march towards world boxing titles

SYDNEY (R) — Cuban Netherlands, Italy and Bulgaria heavyweight Felix Savon underlined his country's dominance of amateur boxing Tuesday, wiming his world championship semifinal in just 18 seconds.

champion, who is unbeaten in 1991, knocked out New Zealander David Tua with a blow to the right cheek. Savon was one of four Cubans

The 26-year-old double world

to advance to the finals Tuesday. A further four could fight through to the finals in Wednesday's bouts.

Germany, competing in a World Boxing Championship as a unified nation for the first time. saw two boxers reach the finals Tuesday, alongside two from the Soviet Union.

Boxers from the United States.

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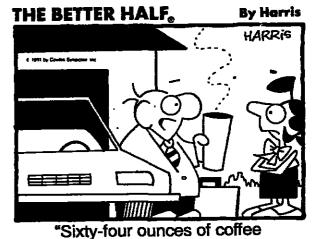
also won semifinals.

Cuba's Savon, who will fight European champion Arnold Vanderlijde of the Netherlands for the heavyweight gold on Friday, looks destined for a third title. So awesome is his punching

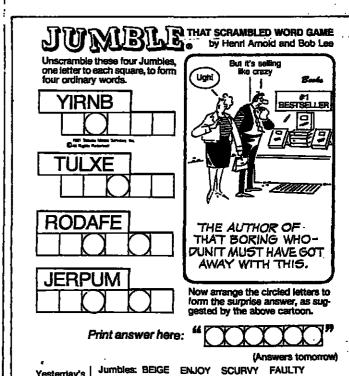
that he has been compared with the great Cuban heavyweight Teofilo Stevenson who dominated amateur boxing in the 1970s

Friday's final of the lightflyweight division, the lightest of the 12 weight categories, will be a replay of the 1989 final in which American Eric Griffin beat Rogelio Marcelo of Cuba.

Griffin had few problems during a points semifinal win over Nelson Dieppa of Puerto Rico but Marcelo had a tougher bout against David Petrov of Bulgaria.



gives new meaning to the term 'rush hour'!"



Answer: People who are truly "polished" never cast this—"REFLECTIONS"

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH

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Andy Capp

gun, but West can't be blamed for leading the queen of diamonds. De-

to serve as an entry. On the long spade declarer sluffs the losing club and claims the grand slam.



THEY WERE VERY NICE ..

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THE Daily Crossword by Diane C. Baldwin 1 Tuesday 5 Stewing 10 First munderer

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15 in the know
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Financial Markets

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USD/Oz JD/Gm

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Sterling Pound	10.37	10.31	10.25	10.25
Deutsche Mark	9.00	4.31	9.31	9.31
Swiss Franc	7.43	7.67	7.75	7.68
French Franc	9.5e	9.56	9.5e	4.56
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0.4217	0.4238	
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Currency	Bid	Offer
Bahraini Dinar	1.7740	1.7830
Lebanese Lira	0.0770	0.0775
Saudi Riyal	0.18100	0.1860
Kuwaiti Dinar		
Qatari Riyal	0.1842	0.1850
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2170
Omani Riyal	1.7400	1.7490
I/AE Dirham	0.1842	0.1850
Greek Drachma	0.3615	0.3815
Cypriot Pound	1.4770	1.4970

Index	17:11:91 Clo	se 18/11/91	Close
Ali-Share	125.12	124.28	
Banking Sector	106.35	104.82	
Insurance Sector	126.73	126.55	
Industry Sector	153.35	153.39	
Services Sector	135.14	135.37	

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London forei	gn exchange and	bullion markets Tuesda
One Sterling	1.7912/22	U.S. dollars
One U.S. dollar	1.1291/96	Canadian dollar
	1.6075/85	Deutschemarks
	1.8115/25	Dutch guilders
	1.4257/64	Swiss francs
	33.08/12	Belgian francs
	5.4900/50	French francs
	1214/1215	Italian lire
	129.45/55	Japanese yen
	5.8690/8740	Swedish crowns
	6.3130/80	Norwegian crowns
	6.2475/25	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	359.80/360.30	U.S. dollars

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Stargazing

analyst outfoxes

share market

experts

LONDON (R) — A British astrologer emerged a winner Monday from a shock Wall Street dive that he had predicted by gazing at the stars. Graham Bates, astrologist and

equity analyst, warned in October that the explosive conjunction of Mars and Pluto around mid-November could rock world stock markets.

The planets moved into conjunction at 1000 GMT Friday. The fifth largest fall on the New York Stock Market began eight hours later, ending in a 3.9 per cent drop in the Dow Jones industrial average that day. "I expected quite a violent

move but I knew it would not be the big crash like in 1987," said Mr. Bates, who uses statistical analysis to correlate planetary cycles with daily market values.

Mr. Bates said he had advised clients, which include several financial institutions, to avoid large holdings of stock from the end of September in view of possible disasters ahead.

Those who heeded his predictions would have come out on top, leaving colleagues who sought more conventional wisdom counting their losses. Mr. Bates expected stock mar-

kets to be volatile until the end of the week with a downward trend towards the end of the year. "I'm still basically pessimistic about the markets but I'm not saying "nead for the hills," he

The next key date, Mr. Bates predicts, will be Jan. 4 when there will be an eclipse of the sun conjunct with Uranus.

"Uranus is the planet of the unexpected and very difficult to predict. Whatever happens it will be a boit from the blue," he pointed out.

Iranian leader backs devaluation of riyal

TEHRAN (R) — Iranian President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, apparently throwing his weight behind central bank calls for a sudden and massive devaluation of the riyal said, Tuesday that Iran would adopt a unified exchange rate.

In a speech opening a ministerial conference of 128 developing countries, Mr. Rafsanjani also outlined his strategy for turning Iran back into a market economy and abandoning the revolutionary experiments adopted after the 1979 overthrow of the monarchy.

Iran, which has been allowing the value of the riyal to fall gradually on the free market in what amounts to a masked devaluation, operates three exchange rates.

"We are reforming our foreign exchange regulations, we have already reduced the rates to three and we are moving towards a unified exchange rate," Mr. Rafsanjani said.

The official rate is 70 rivals to the dollar, its value before the 1979 Islamic revolution but Iran also has a "competitive" rate of 800 riyals, mainly used by private companies needing foreign exchange for importing essential supplies such as medicines, and a free market rate of 1,400 riyals.

Cental bank governor Mohammad Hossein Aadeli said this week he personally favoured a

sudden and deep develuation of the rival. The faster Iran moved towards a unified exchange rate,

the better, he added. Central bank officials said after Mr. Rafsanjani's speech they felt the leadership had now accepted the bank's arguments in favour of tough action on the riyal.

Since the number of rates shrank from 12 to three last April, Iran has been allowing the value of the riyal to fall gradually on the free market in what -amounts to a masked devalua-

Mr. Aadeli told the Iranian newspaper Resalat that unifying the exchange rates was bound to cause hardship, but that he did necessarily be as law as the free market level.

He said the new rate would have to be realistic and predicted that any attempt to set one administratively was bound to fail. "As long as the rate is set administratively, there will be a black market rate as well," he said.

He complained that some government organisations were buying foreign exchange at the official rate and then reselling it

to the public at a huge profit. In his speech, Mr. Rafsanjani told delegates the government was determined to reduce state interference in Iran's economy, privatise nationalised companies, commodities such as cooking oil.

encourage foreign and domestic private investors.

The central bank has been pushing for all these changes but has run into strong political resist-

Fearful of the discontent that could be provoked by a sudden devaluation — particularly the liberalisation of prices that would inevitably follow - the Iranian leadership early this year opted

for a gradual approach. But the free market rate is already percolating through into areas in which government controls have been lifted, causing steep rises in the price of staple

Egypt expects to reap dividends from painful reforms next year

ROME (R) — The end of the Gulf war and a host of often painful reforms should begin to reap economic dividends for Egypt in 1992, Egyptian Economy Minister Youssri Mustapha said Tuesday.

"The future is now looking quite bright," he told Reuters in an interview. "We are heading in the right direction."

Mr. Mustapha, in Rome for an Arab banking conference, said he expected economic output to rise by four per cent next year after an estimated 3.5 per cent increase in

He denied that the government was dragging its feet over the reform of Egypt's huge and inefficient public sector.

An International Monetary Fund (IMF) team is now in Cairo monitoring progress on May's \$372 million IMF standby agreement which called for austerity measures designed to bring the budget deficit down to 10.3 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) this year from more than 20 per cent last year.

The ratio is a key test of whether governments are overspending. It is expected to come

Mr. Mustapha said.

Several independent economists believe that Egypt will fall short of that target but they expect the IMF board of governors meeting in December to overlook this in the interests of saving the overall programme.

Egypt's last IMF package, in 1987, collapsed within weeks.

This time, economists say, the government has been making a much more serious effort by raising taxes, cutting subsidies on consumer goods and deregulating interest and exchange rates.

Mr. Mustapha said the reforms were starting to show results. Egypt had a current account

balance of payments surplus last year for the first time in a decade and the exchange rate of the Egyptian pound, floated in February, had held up well in the last six months. "These reforms have often

been painful but we expect them to help make the investment chimate better next year," he said. The end of the Gulf war was also working in Egypt's favour,

he added. The war had sharply reduced

down this year to 9.5 per cent, remittances from Egyptians working abroad, one of the main pillars of the economy, and returning workers had swelled the ranks of the unemployed.

Tourism, another vital foreign exchange earner, had virtually stopped while sharply increased insurance and transport costs had hit exports.

"Things are now starting to improve," said Mr. Mustapha. Independent economists say Egypt's biggest problem next year is likely to be reform of the bloated state sector.

Unwillingness to take the tough and complex decisions needed to divest the bulk of the 550 or so state enterprises which account for 70 per cent of GDP has soured relations with the World Bank which has approved

with the IMF programme. Many economists believe the government is willing to privatise only the loss-making state enterprises but Mr. Mustapha denied that it was acting against the spirit

a \$300 million loan in tandem

of the IMF accord. We are doing our best in this

Top Soviet banker reveals huge budget deficit for 1991

budget deficit for all 12 Soviet republics will be more than four times the 1990 figure, the chairman of the state bank of USSR (Gosbank) said Tuesday.

Victor Geraschenko told a news conference during a visit here that the 1991 budget deficit would total about 253 billion roubles (\$148 billion) against 60 billion roubles (\$35 billion) in 1990.

He said the finance ministry estimated the deficit for the Russian Federation, the largest republic, would reach 153 billion roubles (\$90 billion) from an earlier projected 27 billion roubles (\$15.8 billion).

This was caused by a slump in projected revenues to 113 billion roubles (\$66.4 billion) from 250 billion (\$147 billion) estimated earlier, he said.

Mr. Geraschenko said Russia's estimated deficit was based on expenditure of 266 billion roubles (\$156 billion).

The Soviet parliament will meet towards the end of this month to discuss the deficit, he

Dollar conversions for roubles are based on the official commercial rate of 1.7 roubles to the U.S. dollar, set by Gosbank, but that rate is widely discredited.

Russian President Boris Yelt-

665194/6.

SINGAPORE (R) - This year's rate would not apply for the federation in favour of a value set

by market forces. The exchange rate for tourists is 47 roubles to the dollar.

Earlier this month, a leading parliamentary official said in an interview that the Gosbank has completely run out of gold re-

Kremlin chief economist Grigory Yavlinsky said recently Soviet gold reserves had shrunk to 240 tonnes this year from 2,050 tonnes in 1953.

with the daily newspaper Trud

there is no gold at all at the Soviet Gosbank," Mr. Orlov said. "Our specialists have analysed the gold situation and come to conclusion that the Soviet state bank in bankrupt."

ments obtained from Sheremetyevo airport.

It asked the Soviet finance ministry and Goskhran, the sin, in a sweeping economic pack- Soviet storage facility, to explain age published Saturday, said that who had ordered the move.

seeks

TEHRAN (R) - Striving to dismantle the "wall of poverty"

"Our main aim is to embark on more pragmatic policies," Iranian Deputy Foreign Trade Minister Mohammad Shariatmadar said ahead of this week's meeting of the so-called "Group of 77," linking 128 nations including the world's poorest.

down 39.8 points at 2,463.1.

The meeting will give the poorer nations a forum for their plans dividing the poor South from the to obtain better access to the rich North, the Third World markets of the developed world looks set to abandon confronta- for their exports at February's tional tactics in negotiations with U.N. Conference on Trade and lonment (UNCTAD) in

Colombia.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - Stocks gave up early gains to end easier. Investors

retreated after the morning's technical rebound proved weaker

than expected, and futures-linked selling knocked prices down.

The 225-share Nikkei Average fell 73.26 points to 23,326.86.

LONDON - Share prices closed sharply down but above the

day's lows after Wall Street showed a steadier trend, holding just above its low-point of the session. The FTSE 100 Index finished

NEW YORK — U.S. Blue Chips came off the day's worst levels

by late morning but still showed heavy losses. At 11,50 a.m. (1650 GMT), the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 59.03 points

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general of the Tehran meeting, told a news conference the time for slogans was over and that the Third World did not believe any

Mr. Shariatmadar, secretary-

issues could be solved by conflict. "We are looking for peaceful -- coexistence with the developed world," he said. "We have the resources. They have the indus-

Weakened by the collapse of the Soviet empire that has depallies and silenced eastern Europe's voice in UNCTAD, Third World countries are scaling down their demands to the simple goal of an "equitable world".

The draft "Tehran Declaration" the conference is due to adopt pleads that "the iron cur-

tain should not be replaced by a poverty curtain separating the North from the South" and accepts that the main responsibility for the development of Third World countries is their own.

The African, Asian and Latin American countries grouped in Tehran are once again pressing the developed world to ease their debt burden, but differences between them are so great that it is difficult for them to take a strong



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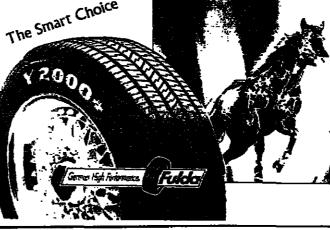
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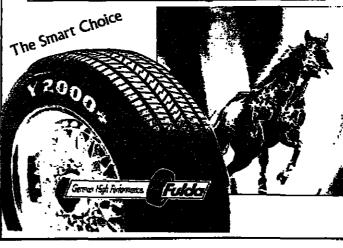
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serves and is bankrupt.

But Alexander Orlov, head of the Soviet parliament's Audit Commission, said in an interview

that Gosbank had no gold re-The most terrible thing is that

The evening newspaper Izvestia published a report saying over five tonnes of "hard-currency freight" - gold and platinum had been spirited out of Moscow in the past six weeks, citing docu-

A super deluxe villa, furnished or unfurnished, 1st floor, in an excellent location near the Chinese embassy in Shmeisani. The villa consists of three bedrooms (including master bedroom), dining and quest rooms, three bathrooms, two balconies. There is telephone, separate entrance and garage. Good

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Saturday Nov. 23 — Carmen Ballet Tickets are available at:

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Rana Pizza, opposite Al Ra'i Newspaper. - Rawan Wool, Gardens Street-Da'san Centre. - Jerusalem International Hotel -Ismail Salon - at Al Hussein Sports City, tel. 666702

Fighting thwarts Vukovar evacuation

said in Zagreb.

them out."

my hand."

Army Captain Radojica Szor-

town with tears in their eyes and

few belongings, their homes des-

whole lift," one woman wailed.

"I have nothing left but the bag in

Croatian guardsmen who sur-

ter against the release of Serbian

Civilians were taken to disper-

sal camps under the supervision

of International Red Cross and

EC monitors for checkups. The

army said they would then be free

Croatian spokesmen said the

level of military activity in the

breakaway republic began to rise

again Monday despite a ceasefire

which came into force Saturday.

forces for provoking most viola-

The army blamed Croatian

A collapse of the ceasefire

would end the prospect currently being assessed by United Nations

envoy Cyrus Vance, of U.N.

to go where they pleased.

prisoners of war in Croatia.

"Damn Vukovar, domn my

*tween Croatian National Guards and the Yugosiav army in Vukovar thwarted the evacuation of reasualties, old people and children from the devastated town's bospital Tuesday, relief workers

An army convoy had been due to take a group including 400 awounded, 110 children and 100 pensioners to safety. Croatian Health Minister Andrija Hebrang said it had already set out.

But the plan was halted as flighting broke out around the hospital in an area where the hard core of National Guard fighters is making a last stand against the

Almost all Vukovar is under army control after the Croatian government ordered its surrender following an 86-day siege.

Ed Koestal, spokesman for the · European Community (EC) -observer mission in Zagreb, said: "More preparations will be made today and the evacuation from the hospital should take place tomorrow.

Croatian radio reported ceasefire violations in Western Croatia and coastal areas Tuesday. It blamed the army for attacks around Gospic, Skradin, Karlovac, Zadar and Dubrovnik.

Vukovar's last defenders. ignoring orders to give up, have fight on.

BONN (R) — Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev said he

teared violent unrest in the Soviet

Union if severe food shortages

grow any worse, the German

magazine Stern reported on Mon-

day.
"If we do not get the social and

economic situation under control.

if foodstuffs become even more

scare, people's bitterness will in-

crease. And this bitterness could

lead to violent unrest," he told

"That would be very dangerous

for everyone," he added in the

interview, released ahead of pub-

the magazine in an interview.

dug themselves into the central fortified Mitnica area near the banks of the Danube River.

A Reuter correspondent heard an army major tell an EC observer Monday that they would be wiped out.

Fighting continued as Belgrade television accused Croat fighters who decided to escape of massacring Serb inhabitants of the town as they left. It showed pictures of fresh corpses in the streets, including one of a man with his eyes gouged out.

The army launched its assault Monday as about 5,000 trapped civilians fled Vukovar, a border town which has been a focal point of nearly four months of fighting

Several thousand people have been killed since the republic declared independence in June, sparking a rebellion by its Serb minority which Serbia and the Serb-led federal army supported.

On Monday, only 150 members of the National Guard and police obeyed an order from their commander to stop fighting in the face of overwhelming army forces. The rest headed for Mitni-

But a guardsman who gave himself up said it was impossible to tell how many had decided to

Gorbachev fears violent unrest

"Croatian forces in Vukovar peacekeeping forces being dehave not surrendered," Hebrang ployed in Croatia.

Meanwhile, the president of the Yugoslav Republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina said Monday there can said: "This is it. Those who was a danger it could be dragged into the Serb-Croat conflict bewanted to leave are out and those who didn't - we're free to clear cause some of its citizens had already joined in the fighting. Many civilian refugees left the

> "We are doing everything por Lie to avoid involvement in the war which would be totally destructive to our republic, President Alia Izetbegovic told a news conference in Athens during a one-day visit.

There is a possibility of Bosnia-Herzegovina becoming rendered were detained for barinvolved (in the war) and ... a number of people are illegally armed," he said.

> The vast central republic has borders with both Serbia and Croatia, principal antagonists in the fighting, and is seen as especially volatile because of its explosive ethnic mix.

Its population of about four million is about 40 per cent Muslim, 40 per cent Serbian and 20 per cent Croatian. Mr. Izetbegovic said that although his republic refused to send troops to the Yugoslav army, a number of citizens were secretly and illegally armed and fighting as volunteers on opposing sides in the war in

U.S. disappointed China failed to move on human rights

WASHINGTON (R) - The White House and several members of Congress said Monday they were very disappointed that U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's talks with Chinese leaders failed to produce progress on

Mr. Baker's three-day-visit ended Sunday having produced limited progress on problems of trade and arms proliferation, but Chinese leaders brushed aside his stern message on human rights

"We're very disappointed," White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told reporters. Several members of Congress

called the visit a failure and suggested it would reinforce congressional opposition to President George Bush's efforts to retain close ties with China. level official U.S. visit since the

1989 crackdown against the prodemocracy movement in Tinanamen Square — members of Congress had said it would need to be justified by significant progress on U.S. concerns. "One of the major missions Secretary Baker took to China

was to try to get progress on human rights," Mr. Fitzwater He said Mr. Baker delivered a

letter from Mr. Bush for Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping and the "central thrust of that was to press for human rights improvements."

Senator Max Baucus, a Democrat from Montana, said he was concerned by reports indicating the administration might be relinking applications by China and Taiwan to join the international trade organisation, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT). He said that would be inconsistent with an administration pledge to work in support of

Taiwan's application. Sen. Baucus also urged that Peking's commitments to Mr. Baker on arms control be followed up by its signature on nuclear and missile export control agreements.

Kohl to intervene in Soviet row over

BONN (R) - Chancellor Helmut Kohl, frustrated that ex-east German Communist leader Erich Honecker has become a pawn in a Soviet power struggle, vowed Monday to intervene personally to have him returned to stand trial in Germany.

Honecker

"There will be contact (with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev)," Mr. Kohl, who is on first-name terms with the Kremlin chief, told reporters in Potsdam.

Mr. Kohl's spokesman confirmed the chancellor would personally intervene because of the failure so far of German attempts to have Mr. Honecker returned. These have foundered because of a feud between Mr. Gorbachev and Russian President Boris Yeltsin over who has authority over the exiled Honecker.

The Russian government decided Friday to expel Mr. Honecker, but Germany's masscirculation Bild newspaper said in a report from Moscow Monday that Mr. Honecker had officially asked the Soviet government for political asylum.

Mr. Yeltsin's Justice Minsiter Nikolai Fyodorov told reporters in Bonn Monday Mr. Honecker could be returned soon.

"If no (unforeseen circumstances crop up, it's a question of days or weeks," he said.

Mr. Kohl, speaking in Potsdam three days before a planned visit by Mr. Yeltsin to Germany, said he would make it clear to both the Soviet and Russian leaderships "that it is up to a state based on the rule of law to pursue such a legal process.'

The controversy over Mr. Honecker complicated because there is no extradition treaty between Bonn and Me v. Mr. Honeckei 7, who was

spirited out of united Germany in March to Moscow aboard a Soviet military plane, faces manslaughter charges at home.

These arise from his shoot-tokill orders to guards manning the Berlin Wall and east German border during the cold war. He has lived in exile in or near Moscow since early this year.

In Berlin, one of Mr. Honecker's attorneys said the former east German leader's life would be endagered by imprisonment.

'He could of course withstand transport (back to Germany), but I fear the worst if he is jailed." lawyer Friedrich Wolff said. "When I think that he might have to sit in prison, I don't know if he can survive.

Mr. Wolff said two cancer operations had left Mr. Honecker in fragile health and he also suffered from high blood pressure.

German Justice Minister Klaus Kinkel, who appeared with Mr. Fyodorov at a news conference, said: "We hope soon to have the chance to put Honecker on trial."

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

German iet crashes off Dutch coast

AMSTERDAM (R) - Two German Air Force pilots were feared dead after their Tornado fighter jet crashed off the Dutch coast, a spokesman for the Dutch Air Force said Tuesday. Rescue ships and helicopters were still searching for the missing pilots Tuesday morning after parts of the wreckage of the Tornado were spotted near Viciland — an island off the northwest coast of the Netherlands. "We are still searching, but we fear that the pilots must be dead by now," the spokesman said. The German Tornado was taking part in a routine exercise in Dutch airspace when it crashed Monday. The cause of the crash is not known. On Oct. 31, two German Navy Tornados collided over the sea between Denmark and Norway. All four crew members ejected and were picked up by Danish Navy helicopters. But one of the pilots later died of exposure.

Senior Bonn aide accused of spying

KARLSRUHE, Germany (R) — A senior Interior Ministry official has been arrested on suspicion of spying for more than a decade for the former Communist east German government, the federal prosecutor said Tuesday. His office said in a statement that the man, identified only as Mathias R., 40, was suspected of passing on confidential documents that he saw in the course of his work at the federal administration offices in Cologne. He was arrested Sunday and was being held in custody for questioning, the statement said. It said the man, who had the codename "beck," was paid up to 1,000 marks (\$625) a month for his espionage activities and was highly decorated by the east German Ministry for State Security (MFS).

Deadly chemical weapon leaks in U.S.

NEWPORT, Indiana (R) — A deadly chemical weapon that can kill on contact with skin leaked from a storage tank at an ammunition plant here, but U.S. army officials said Monday that the amount was too tiny to pose any threat. "It was probably a 50th of a drop," said Bob Whistine, a spokesman for the Newport army ammunition plant. He said there was no danger to personnel or the surrounding area. The chemical agent involved is called VX, Mr. Whistine said. One drop properly placed can kill in a matter of minutes, he said. The valve involved will be removed in the next two weeks for tests, he said. The substance has been stored at the plant since 1968.

Fragile Salvador peace broken

SAN SALVADOR (R) - El Salvador's fragile new peace was shattered almost as soon as it began when four soldiers and two leftist rebels died in weekend clashes, the armed forces said. The army said troops and rebels clashed in four of the country's 14 provinces at the weekend, but there were no other reports of casualties. A military spokesman said the six died in fighting between government troops and guerrillas of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front near the village of Suchitoto, 45 kilometres north of San Salvador. He did not say if the clashes took place on Saturday or Sunday. The rebels had announced a unilateral ceasefire from midnight Friday to foster progress in United Nations-sponsored peace talks aimed at ending 12 years of

Bonner condemns Soviet rights abuses

SEATTLE (R) - Soviet Human rights campaigner Yelena Bonner has condemned what she said were human rights abuses in Azerbaijan and Ossetia. The retired Soviet physician was speaking at a news conference Monday in Seattle, where she was to present a lecture on human rights in memory of her Nobel Peace Prize-winning husband, Andrei Sakharov, on Tuesday evening. She said the four-year persecution of Armenians by Azerbaijans in the Nagomo-Karabakh region was forcing a deportation that "sometimes is even more cruel than under (Soviet dictator Joseph) Stalin's time." Azerbaijani attackers have sold bodies to families of their Armenian victims for as much as 20,000 roubles — or about five years wages — so the families may bury them, Ms. Bonner said. Ms. Bonner called on Western eaders to be tough on Soviet human rights issues, adding: "The West has easily betrayed its principles.'

Woerner: No alternative to NATO

BERLIN (R) - The U.S.-led NATO alliance will be the sole effective guarantor of peace for the foreseeable future but welcomes a stronger complementary European role, NATO Secretary General Manfred Woerner has said. In a speech in Berlin, Mr. Woerner said the post-cold war era had widened the realm of security management to the Western European Union (WEU), a revived defence bloc, and the European Community (EC). "(But) none of these institutions can replace NATO... neither the WEU nor the pending EC political union will be able to provide the operative defence potential that is impossible without American help," he said. "In areas of air support, strategic transport, logistics and intelligence, cooperation with the United States is indispensable," Mr. Woerner told the German Atlantic Society. There is concern in NATO, especially in the United States and Britain, that initiatives by France and Germany to revive the long-dormant WEU and create a European army could weaken the North Atlantic alliance.

Nicaraguan groups sign peace pact

JINOTEGA. Nicaragua (R) - A peace pact between rival Nicaraguan guerrilla groups made up of ex-contra rebels and former Sandinista soldiers has raised the chances of finally bringing quiet to the country's battlefields. Leaders of the so-called "re-contras" met heads of a force of former Sandinista soldiers, known as the "re-compas", in an abandoned army base in northern Nicaragua Monday. With observers from the Organisation of American States, the government and the army looking on, the two groups signed a non-aggression pact and agreed to work together to pressure President Violeta Chamorro to carry out promises of land, housing and farm credits.

lication later this week. Mr. Gorbachev said the crisis sould only be mastered if the Soviet Union did not break apart. He backed reforms to the Soviet state now under way. But

e termed keeping the union in one piece his top priority and swore to fight "separatist tenden-

if food shortages grow any worse

The reformed Soviet Union Gorbachev told Stern.

sin was playing "the leading role, the top role" in forming a new union, Mr. Gorbachev said.

republics pledged in principle last week to support a new union, known as the "Union of Sovereign States" or USS.

But the absence of five republies, including the powerful Ukraine, seriously undermined the importance of the draft treaty worked out with Mr. Gor-

should be a federation of sovereign democratic states "with a common armed forces, one citizenship, a coordinated foreign policy and a single market," Mr.

Russian President Boris Yelt-Russia and six other Soviet

bachev's State Council, the sup-

reme governing body since a failed conservative coup in Mos-

cow in August. Extracts from the draft pubtished by Soviet newspapers indi-cate the new union will have very limited functions, though it will retain a single army. Mr. Gorbachev hinted in Stern

he could resign if the Soviet state reforms failed to do more than produce "an amorphous form that nobody needs.

"It will not take part in that kind of development," he added. Mr. Gorbachev said he did not know whether he would run for president of the new union, a post the seven republics decided would be directly elected.

Direct election could rule out Gorbachev, whose popularity is at a low ebb within the Soviet

Genscher urges Europe to seize chance for unity

PARIS (R) — German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, stressing that united Germany remained committed to European integration, urged the European Community (EC) Tuesday to sieze a historic opporminity for unification.

"Germany heartily used its epportunity for unification in 1990. Will Europe use its opporeanity for unification?" Mr. Genscher asked, addressing the French parliament's Foreign Affairs Committee

"History does not repeat offers. That was true for Germany and it is true for Europe," Mr. Genscher told a closed-door

session, according to a prepared text of his remarks. "I appeal most earnestly to our EC partners to act on this insight."

and motor of European unification, must ensure that next month's EC summit in Maastricht, the Netherlands, took a decisive step to strengthen the Community's integration, Mr. Genscher said.

osed that the 12-nation group set a common foreign and security policy with a joint army corps to implement it. Britain and the Netherlands have criticised the proposed military force as duplicating NATO.

U.S., Pakistan open talks on nuclear row

SLAMABAD (R) — A senior U.S. State Department official epened talks with Pakistan Tuesday over a nuclear weapons row that has halted all American aid for more than a year.

'Under-Secretary of State Reghald Bartholomew arrived Monday from talks in Peking that included China's delivery of miclear-capable missiles to Pakis-

. The main focus of the two days of talks will be nuclear issues and U.S. insistence that Pakistan roll back its efforts to make weaponsgrade uranium.

claims that it is at least a threshold nuclear power and that it is developing nuclear weapons at its super-secret Kahuta facility outside Islamabad.

Pakistan rejected widespread

It used to be the third highest recipient of U.S. aid, but President George Bush halted all military and new ecoomic aid a year ago when he refused to certify under the pressler amendment that Pakistan was not becoming a nuclear power.

White House says Duke should get out of politics

WASHINGTON (R) - The White House has said the loss by a landslide of former Ku Klux Klansman David Duke in Louisiana's election for governor showed that Mr. Duke has no place in politics and should get

"We don't think he should be elected or should be involved in politics," spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told reporters.

Democrat Edwin Edwards

kandily defeated Mr. Duke, a

self-described Republican, in

Seturday's election in Louisiana

to gain a fourth term to the

Mr. Duke has left the door op for a run at the White

House in 1992. He also may run for a seat in Congress. He gained 39 per cent of the vote in the Louisiana race. "I may run for other office, I

don't know yet. I'm looking at to see about that,"

Some political commentators have charged the Republicans have themselves to blame for Mr.

UNESCO: 100 million children cannot go France and Germany, the core to school

MANILA (R) - More than 100 million children across the world still have no access to schooling. UNESCO Director-General The two countries have proprederico Mayor said Tuesday. Mr. Mayor said the United Nations Educational, Scientific

and Cultural Organisation (UN-ESCO) was battling to make basic education a major issue on giobal and national agendas. But efforts to educate more children in southern Asia and

sub-Saharan Africa were being undermined by crushing external debt, domestic unrest and deeprooted poverty, Mr. Mayor said at the opening of a regional con-ference on Education in South East Asia.

Illiteracy rates in several of the poorest Third World countries emained above 50 per cent. Mr. Mayor said education was under challenge for many

"For many countries in sub-Saharan Africa and southern Asia, for example, crushing external debt, internal strife, and absolute poverty conspire to

make literacy and EFA (education

for all) goals an ever-receding target," he declared. "Even if they spend proportionately more of their budgets on education than other countries and receive larger amounts of external assistance, both quality and participation rates seem to be eroding," Mr. Mayor added, without identifying the countries.

nations, the problems were different but equally serious. "In the countries of the North, there is a sometimes reluctant acknowledgement that universal primary schooling can conceal potentially explosive problems

He said in richer industrialised

beneath the surface." These included declining levels it," Mr. Duke told CNN Mon of quality and achievement, day. "There's a possibility of "even compared to countries running in a Republican primary spending only a fraction of what for president. I'm going to have they spend on schooling a growing rejection by the young of irrelevant programmes of study, and persistent neglect of special groups not catered for by standard schooling systems.

U.S. House approves \$291b compromise defence bill WASHINGTON (R) — The remained in safe custody and that the United States could safely

U.S. House of Representatives approved a \$291 billion defence bill that keeps the controversial B-2 Stealth bomber programme alive and increases spending on the Star Wars missile defence

Approval of the bill, a compromise between separate measures passed by the House and U.S. Senate, came by a 239-82 vote after several members took potshots at a now-dead proposal to authorise up to \$1 billion in aid for the Soviet Union.

The plan, drafted by House Armed Services Committee Chairman Les Aspin and his Senate counterpart, Senator Sam Nunn, was withdrawn after it had caused a furore when it was added to the bill without formal approval by the two chambers. After hearing renewed critic-

ism of the proposal, Mr. Aspin, a

Wisconsin Democrat, defended it

as an "insurance policy" to try to

ensure that reformers remained

in office in the Soviet Union, that

its thousands of nuclear weapons

continue to cut its nuclear arsen-

Mr. Aspin called the plan "defence by another means." The bill would keep the B-2 programme barely alive by postponing a decision on whether to halt it at 15 aircraft or build more

ed the \$850 million per plane cost. of the programme.

Meanwhile, U.S. Defence
Secretary Dick Cheney warned Monday that further cuts in active military personnel, now at a 40year low, could put the country at

in the future. Critics have attack-

Every time we have taken the force down so far and fast we have created such a weakend U.S. that we have encouraged our adversaries around the world to take risks and chances that they would not otherwise think of," Mr. Cheney told the Southern Newspaper Publishers Asso-

ciation in Boca Raton, Florida. He said his immediate concerns are North Korea, which is de-

veloping nuclear weapons but refuses international inspection, and the question of what will happen to the 25,000 to 30,000 nuclear weapons that the Soviet Union had under central control until this past summer's failed

Also of concern is the Middle East, China, North Africa, Panama and South East Asia, Mr. Cheney said. While it was important to get

the economy moving, Mr. Cheney warned it would be ill advised to do it at the expense of a full and effective military force. "Let us proceed with caution," Mr. Cheney said, noting that he already has ordered the closure of 100 bases and installations worldwide, reduced the civilian workforce by 85,000 and will cut

540,000 active duty military personnel by mid-1990. He warned that moving any further or faster in the name of the "peace dividend" could be

dangerous.
"The (Pentagon) decisions being made are not about jobs of the economy even though they are important," Mr. Cheney said. "The decisions being made are for the next time we go to war. And be absolutely certain that

upon to send young Americans

back home or the overall health

into harm's way." Mr. Chency plans to discuss further cuts in the 39,000 Americans troops in South Korea despite concern over North Korea's suspected nuclear weapons prog-ramme, South Korean officials

said Tuesday. "The proposed second phase of reduction in American troops in Korea will be discussed in depth," a Defence Ministry official in Seoul said.

The United States had told us it wanted to cut its presence to about 30,000 by 1995. But the plan may be delayed or scrapped if the North continues to ignore international calls to stop de-veloping nuclear weapons," he he

Pavarotti honoured

LONDON (R) — Opera superstar Luciano Pavarotti, considered one of the world's greatest award. Australian Diva Joan living tenors, was given a special Sutherland presented Pavarotti with the Artist of the Yer Award created for him by classical music wife pla magazine, Gramphone South land, who gave the young Pavar of the land, who gave the young Pavar otti his first break when she sang with him at the Royal Opera career nearly 30 years ago, was different also honoured with an House as he embarked on his also honoured with an award for the lifelong contribution to opera. Receiving the also nonoured with an award for her lifelong contribution to opera. Receiving the award, Pavarotti said: "It is given to me from the arm of my beautiful colleague Joan Sutherland, so which award can be better than this?" The Italian tenor, who has been credited with bringing opera to the masses, last appeared at an open-air concert in London's Hyde Park in July when more Hyde Park in July when more rain to hear the burly singer. sholds to than 100,000 fans braved pouring Sutherland, who retired last year after more than 30 years as one of the world's top divas, received the Award For Lifetime Achieve-野山門

Brando's daughter flown to Tahiti

PARIS (AP) - Actor Marlon Brando's daughter, Cheynne, flew from France to Tahiti under Police custody as part of an investigation into the killing of her lover, officials said. Accompanied by two doctors and two police officers, Miss Brando, 21, left Charles de Gualle-Roissy Airport aboard a French military flight Monday morning amid great secrecy. She will be interrogated on her arrival in Papeete, Tahiti, by Jud Max Gatti, who has been investigating Miss Brando's link to the slaying of her lover, Dag Drollet, in May 1990. It was not clear whether Miss Brando would be kept in custody once Gatti finished the interview. Miss Brando's half-brother, Christian Brando, is serving a 10-year prison sentence for voluntary manslaughter in Califormia for shooting Drollet to death near Marlon Brando's mansion in southern California.

U2 fever hits Dublin DUBLIN (R) - Dublin record

stores stayed open through Sunday night to sell copies of the rock group U2. Achtung Baby was recorded in Berlin by the group called "Rock's hottest ticket" by Time magazine. The album is being promoted with six 🏚 East German trabant cars bought especially for display in Dublin stores. U2's last two albums have sold 25 million copies worldwide and their latest single The Fly went straight to number one in Britain and Ireland when, in a clever marketing ploy, it was sold on limited release for just three weeks. Profits from the new album's sales in South Africa are to go to anti-apartheid organisations. U2 urge fans to join the environment group Greenpeace and support Amnesty International in campaigns to release prisoners in Vietnam and Malawi. Bass player Adam Clayton caused a flutter of controversy in Ireland for posing nude on the front cover of the record. The band's members have paid the penalty for worldwide fame. Lead singer Bono has received death threats, female admirers travel across the world to camp outside his Dublin house, and an obsessive Californian fan claimed the lyrics of a U2 song drove him to murder. Their last live concert in Dublin on New York's Eve last year was beamed live to a global audience of 500 million. They are rehearsing for another worldwide tour due to start in February.

10-year-old Salvadorean wins U.N. prize

SAN SALVADOR (R) - A 10-year-old Salvadorean girl there will come a time when an whose drawing of children play-American president will be called ing and doves of peace won a United Nations prize flew to New York to give the U.N. secretarygeneral a gift of beans and bananas. Lidia Rodriguez, who lives in the village of Las Vueltas, 81 kilometres north of San Salvador in the war-torn province of Chalatenango, won a drawing contest on the theme of peace organised by the U.N. human rights obser-ver team in El Salvador, known as ONUSAL. Lidia and her father Francisco took gifts of "ayote" (pumpkin) sweets, bananas, beans and two T-shirts bearing the ONUSAL logo, a U.N. spokesman said. "They said the T-shirts were for Mr. Perez do Cuellar's granddaughters," the spokesman said, adding he was not sure if the bananas and bears would be allowed through U.S. customs checks.

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